



中国科学院遥感与数字地球研究所
Institute of Remote Sensing and Digital Earth, CAS

Satellite Earth Observation System And Spectrum Earth

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Institute of Remote Sensing and Digital Earth, CAS

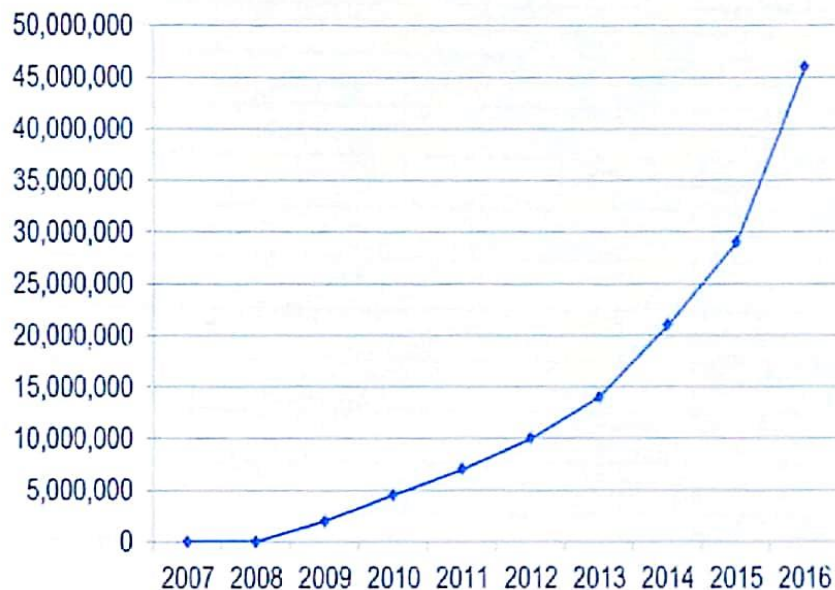
Deqing Academy of Satellite Applications

Nov 2018

Deqing, Zhejiang, China



Landsat Scenes Downloaded from
USGS EROS Center (Cumulative)



**Includes only downloads from the USGS EROS.
(Google Earth delivers approximately 1 billion
Landsat scenes to users per month.)**

Landsat series of Earth-observing satellites has created the longest, most comprehensive record of the Earth's condition ever assembled – the gold standard for tracking elements of land surface change.

With Landsats 7 and 8 currently operational - data collection anywhere on Earth every 8 days

More than 2 million images in the archive

Free and available to all users since 2008

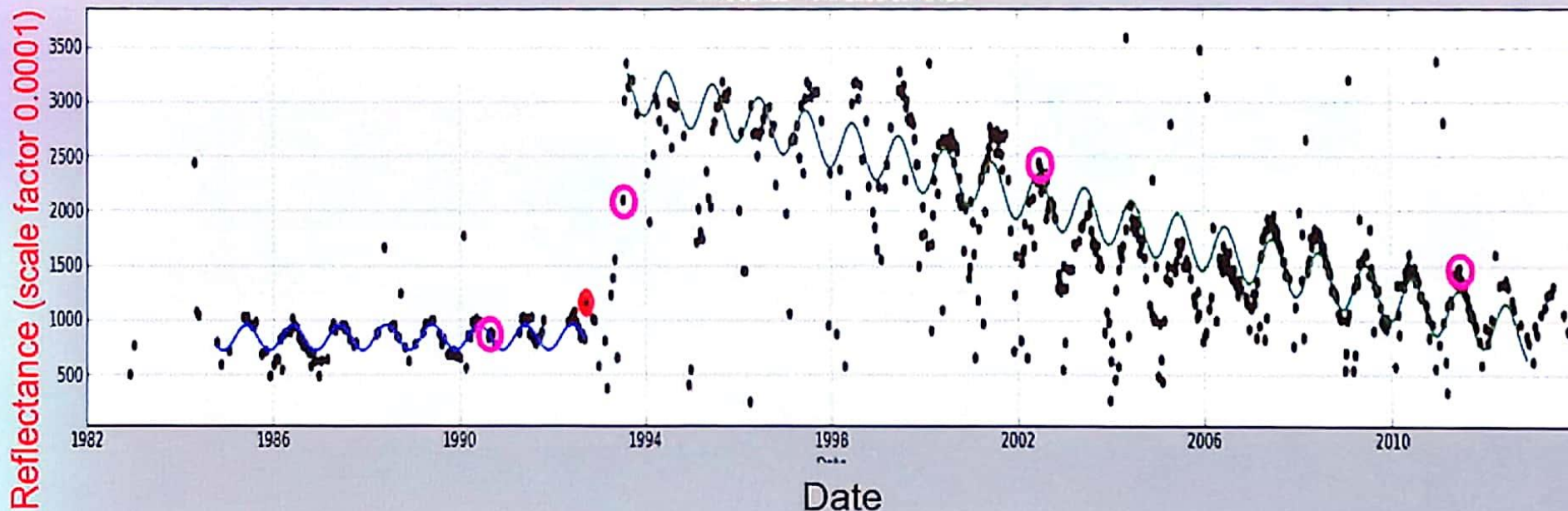
Landsat is a Public/Private Endeavor

Every Landsat mission has components built by the private sector. USGS ground system and flight ops teams rely heavily on the private sector.

After 47 years of Landsat data collection, USGS is enabling user access to “Analysis Ready Data” and a new generation of time series algorithms for land cover and land change datasets.

Landsat Mid-infrared Band

Time series - row: 1161 col: 5419



L4-L8 Tier 1 data processed to surface reflectance and brightness temperature measurements, (Level-2 products).

Makes the archive more accessible, easier to analyze and reduces amount of time users spend on analysis of landscape change.

Allows pixel tracking in geospatially calibrated tiles and dense temporal stacks, “datacubes”.



Main Content

1

China Earth Observation System Development

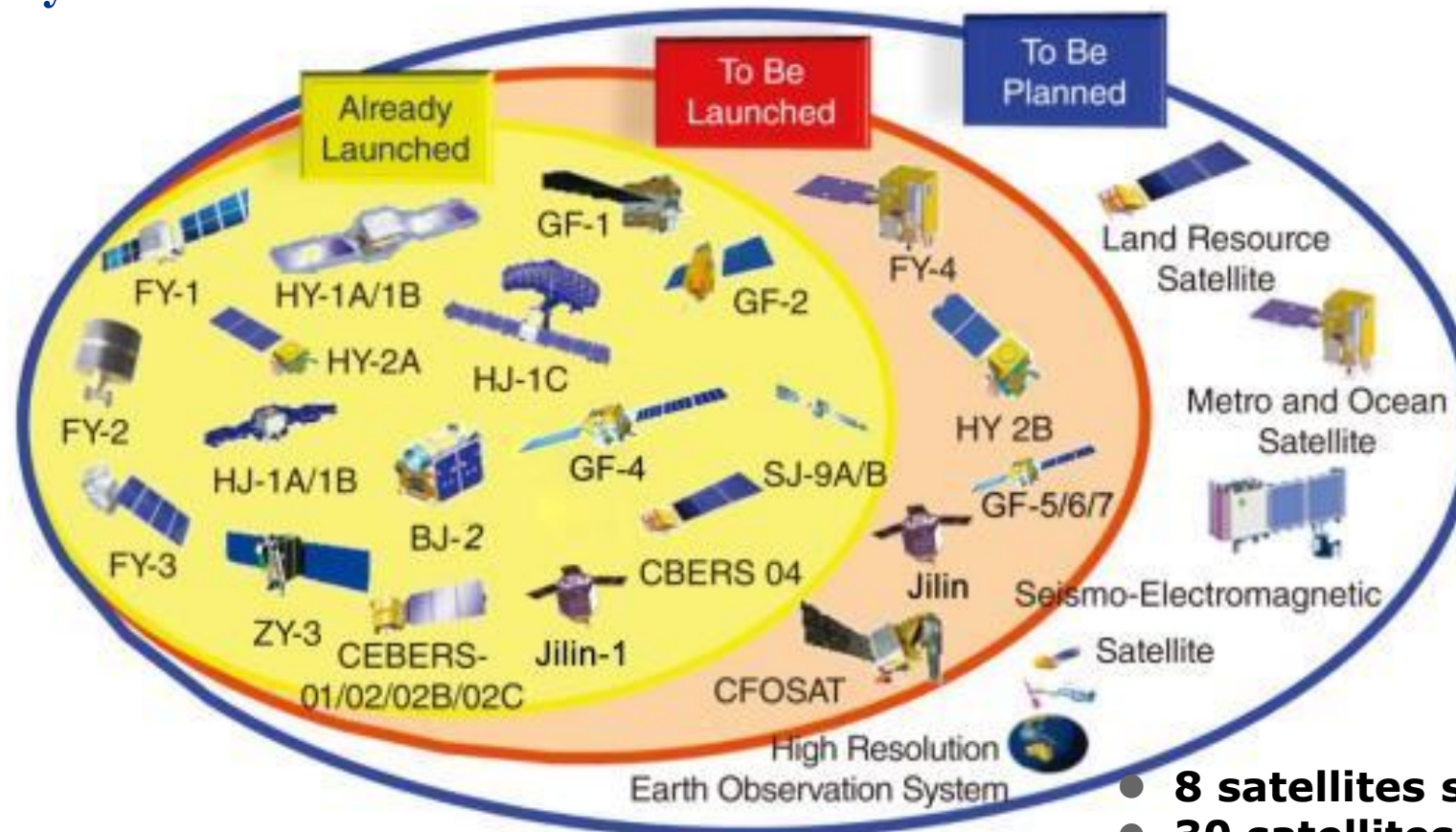
2

Spectrum Earth: A Solution Of Developing EO System Framework

1. Introduction

Satellites

Currently, about 30 Chinese Earth observation satellites are in orbit. China will continue to develop series of Earth observation satellites during the next 10 years.



- 8 satellites series
- 30 satellites in orbit www.radi.cas.cn

2. Development

China has established comprehensive system of satellite observation.

China Earth Observation Satellites

Series	Programs	Administration
Meteorological	FY-2 E/F/G	China Meteorological Administration
	FY-3 A/B/C	
Ocean	HY-1A/B, HY-2A/B	State Oceanic Administration
Earth Resources	ZY-2(01,02,03)	Ministry of Land and Resources
Environmental	HJ-1A,B,C	Ministry of Environmental protection/National Disaster Reduction Center
CHEOS	GF-1,2,3,4,5,6	EOSDC



2. Development

China High-Resolution Earth Observation System (CHEOS)

In May 2010, China officially launched construction of Major Special Project – the **China High-Resolution Earth Observation System (CHEOS)**, which is established as one of the major national science and technology projects.

- GF-1 and GF-2 are a high-resolution radar satellites, which provide effective support for the enhancement of fine monitoring.
- GF-3 is a high-resolution radar satellite,
- GF-4 is an optical geostationary satellite,
- GF-5 is a high spectral and atmospheric observation satellite,
- GF-6 is a multi-spectral satellite and GF-7 is a three-dimensional mapping satellite.



2. Development

China's national space infrastructure (CNSI)

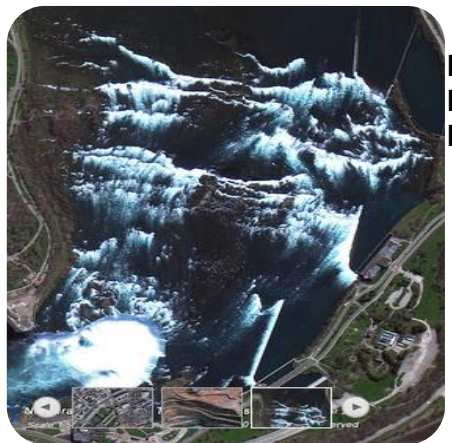
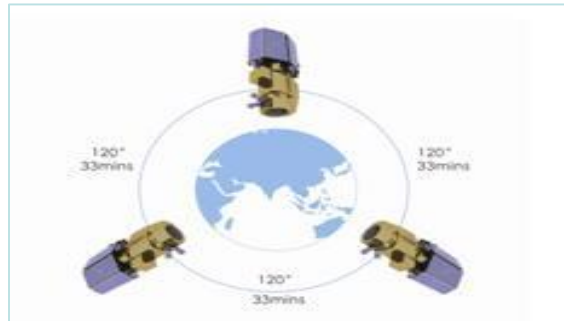
- To realize sustainable and stable service of space-based systems following infrastructure pattern.
- To enhance the china's satellite observation and data acquisition capability, and strengthen the normalization, rationality and efficiency maximization of earth observation architecture development.
- Space system consists of remote sensing satellites, communications and broadcasting satellites, navigation satellites.
- By the end of 2015, more than 60 satellites were in orbit to provide services.
- It is predicted that the number of satellites in orbit would be more than 70 in 2020 and nearly 100 in 2025 respectively.



2. Development

Commercial satellite series - BJ series

Beijing-2 Satellites constellation comprising three identical optical EO satellites, which makes it possible to target anywhere on Earth once per day



Disaster & Emergency Response



City Management



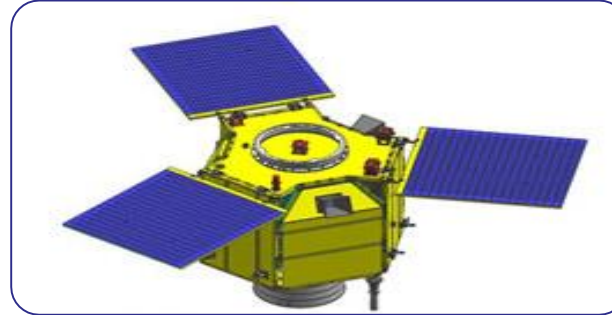
Number of satellites	3
Satellite orbit	Sun-synchronous orbit Altitude: 651 km LTAN: 10:30am
GSD	<1m PAN <4m MS
Bands	B/G/R/NIR
Swath width	23.4 km
MTF	PAN: 10% MS: 20%
Signal to noise	>100
Off-pointing capacity	±45°
Revisiting	1 Day
Lifetime	7 years
Image file format	GeoTIFF/TIFF

2. Development

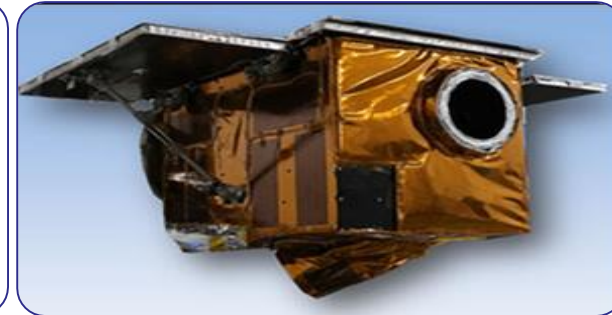
Commercial satellite series - Jilin-1 Satellites

- China's first domestically developed commercial Earth imaging satellites. Launched in October 2015
- Plan to have 60 satellites operational by 2020, allowing 30-minute revisit capability anywhere around the globe
- Jilin-1 consists of 4 satellites
 - Two providing **high-definition video**
 - One for commercial **high-definition images**
 - One for testing new space technology

Jilin-1A optical satellite

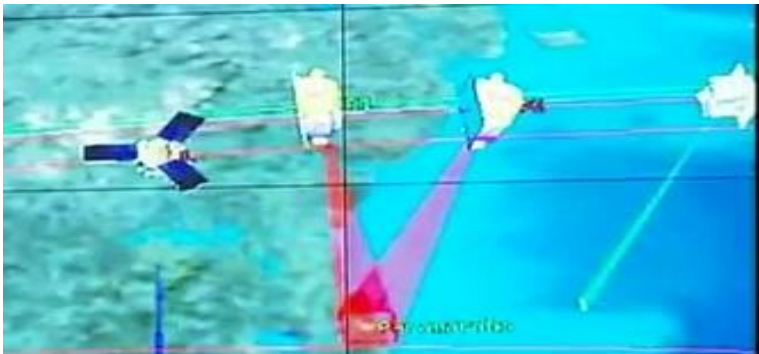


Jilin-1B video satellite

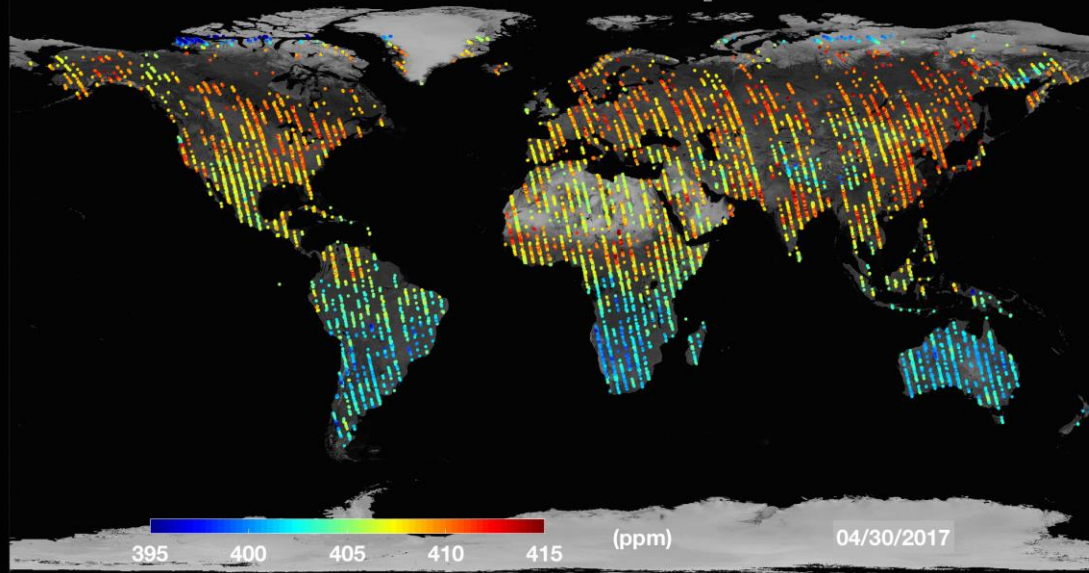


- **High-definition camera:**
 - Pan: 0.72m, Multi: 2.88m
- **Video camera:**
 - GSD: 1.12m

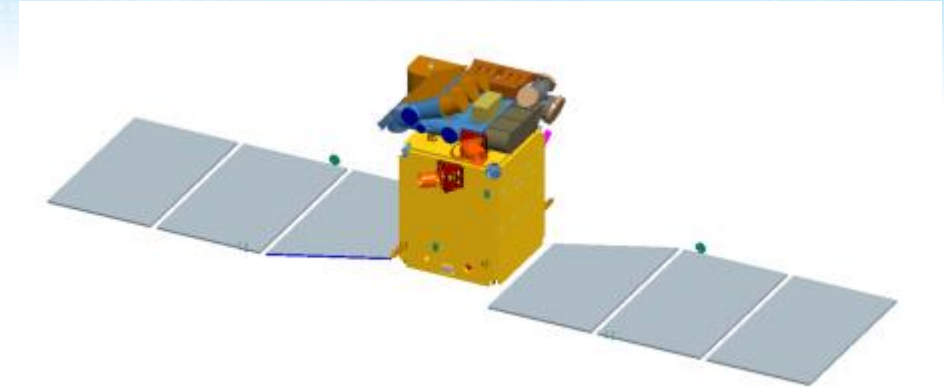
- support to areas including
 - land resources monitoring
 - land surveying
 - mineral resources development
 - smart city construction
 - agriculture yield estimation
 - environmental monitoring
 - disaster prevention
 - ...



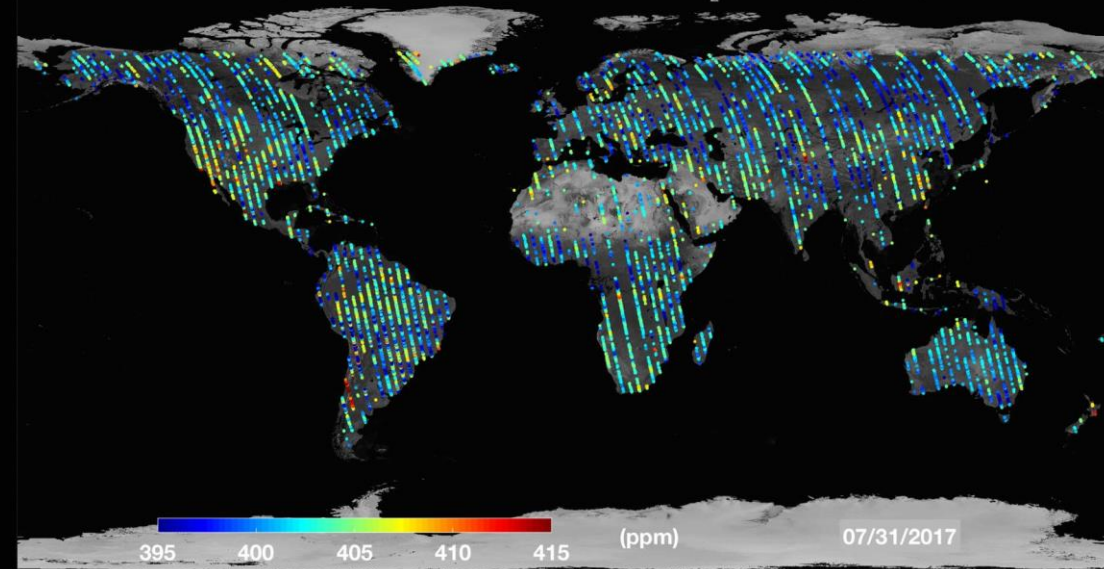
Chinese Carbon Dioxide Observation Satellite - TanSat
Atmospheric Carbon Dioxide Concentration - XCO₂ over land (April 2017)



ment



Chinese Carbon Dioxide Observation Satellite - TanSat
Atmospheric Carbon Dioxide Concentration - XCO₂ over land (July 2017)



The first Mapping of Global Atmospheric
xCO₂ over land with Tansat (2017)
- by Prof Liu Yi from CAS/IAP at 2018

Main Content

1

China Earth Observation System Development

2

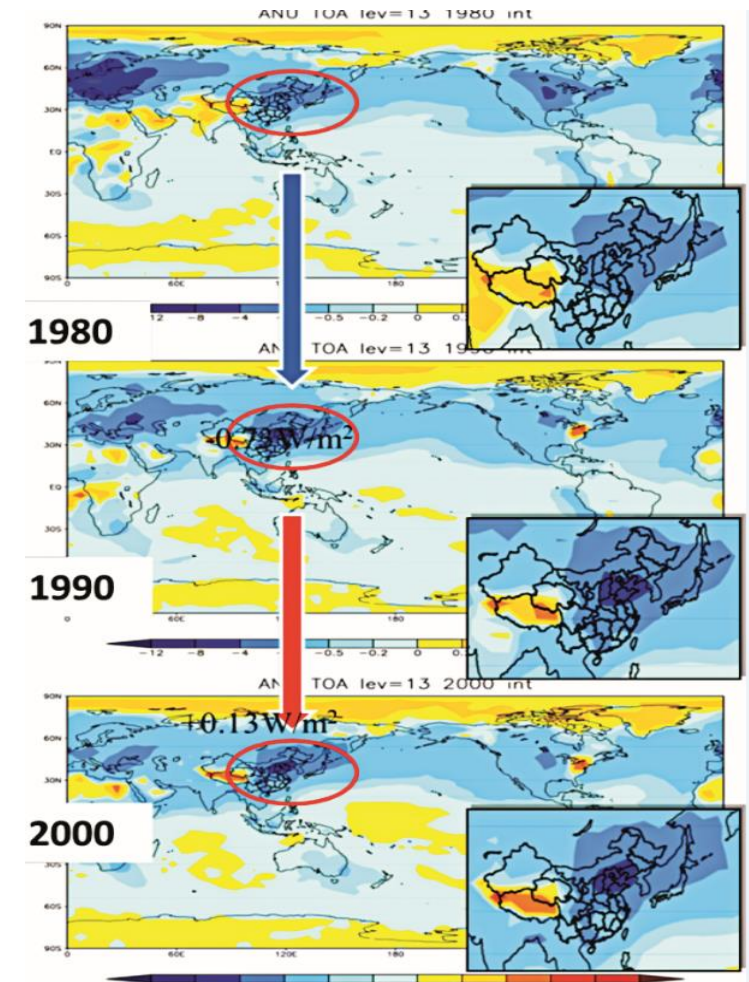
Spectrum Earth: A Solution Of Developing EO System Framework

1、 Introduction

Description

SpectrumEarth :

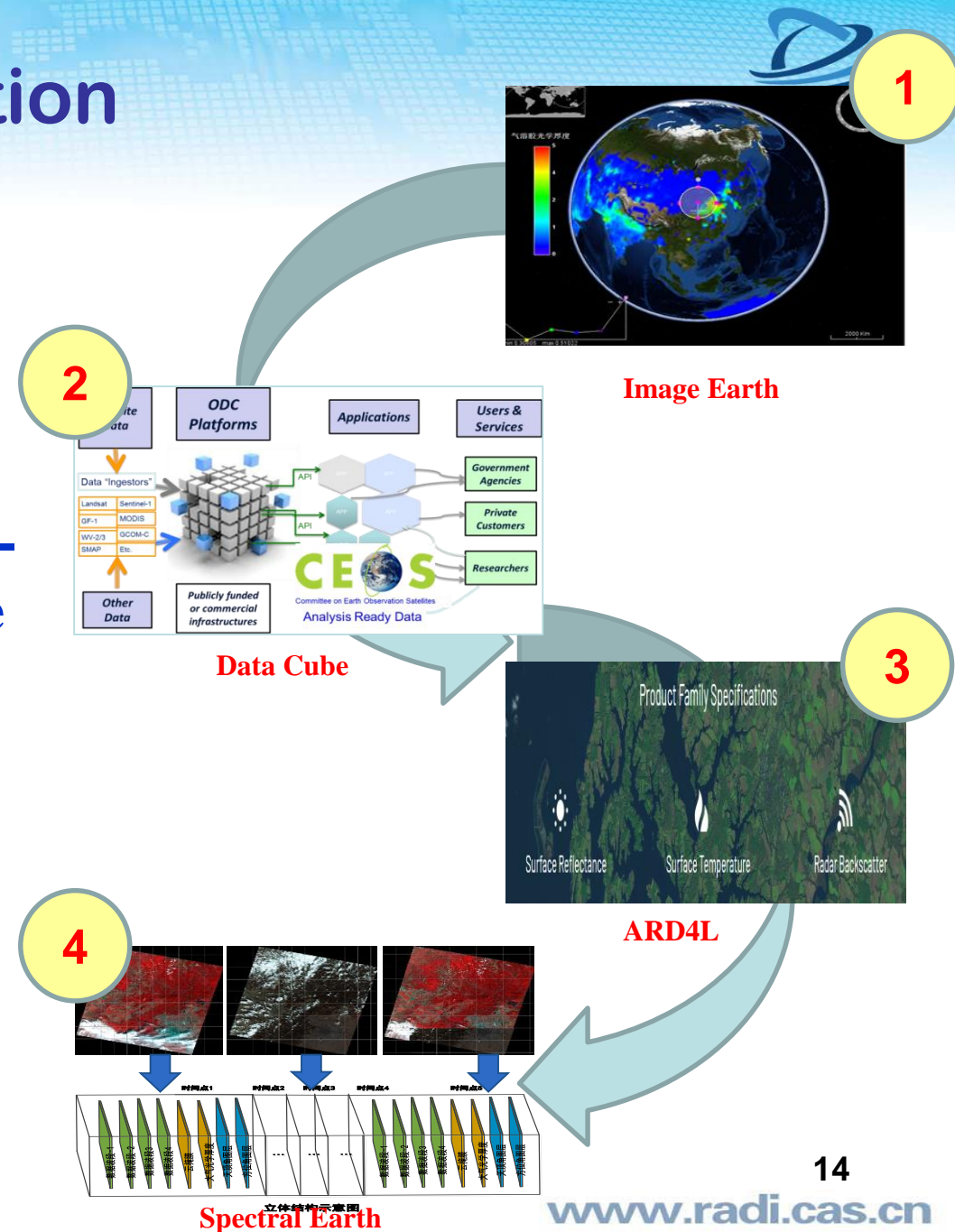
- ✓ continuous, verifiable **land surface, atmospheric and marine** multi-element quantitative remote sensing product data set;
- ✓ Supporting the applications on ecological environment, urbanization, modern agriculture, intelligent city, water resources, disaster reduction at global and regional
- ✓ hardware and software platform



1、 Introduction

Spectrum Earth and other Concepts

- 1. Data Earth, Image Earth (Google Earth; Day Map):** Single Phase, Geometric Correction - Mosaic Image
- 2. Data Cube (DataCube, Australia, GEO):** Multi-temporal, sliced, geometrically corrected image
- 3. Analysis-Ready Data (ARD4L, CEOS):** multi-temporal, slice, geometry-radiation-atmospheric corrected image
- 4. Spectral Earth:** Multi-temporal, Slice, Geometry-Radiation-Atmospheric Correction-Inlaid Image+Time Fusion-Space Fusion-Spectral Fusion



1、 Introduction

System composition

SpectrumEarth

SpectrumEarth production

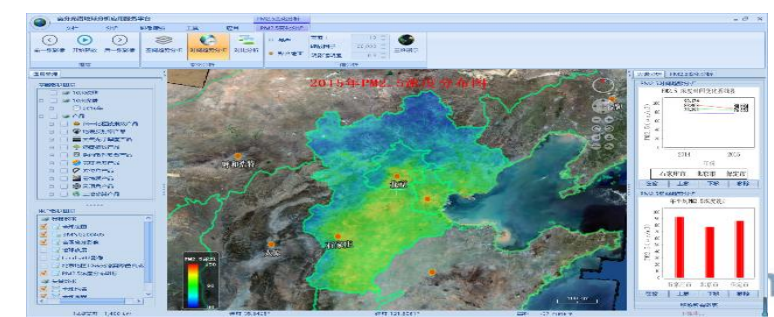
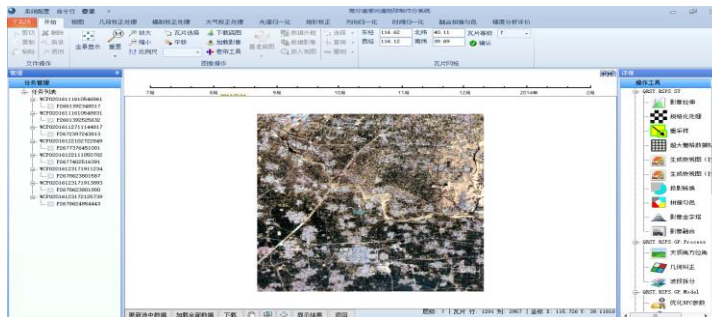
- ✓ Support high-performance processing of fundamental products and spatial-temporal fusion products;
- ✓ Radiance, TOA reflectance, Surface Reflectance

Demonstration & Analysis

- ✓ Integrated visualization environment, algorithms & model, time and space analysis tools

Applications

- ✓ Build the application systems and services based on SpectrumEarth, with support of multi-source data, in-situ observation data and evaluation algorithms;



1、 Introduction

System Function

Combined with the requirements of quantitative remote sensing information extraction and intelligent analysis, Spectral Earth integrates the results of independent remote sensing technology, and has professional service capabilities for multi-level users, including the following functions:

Function 1

Time-space spectral data (apparent radiance, apparent reflectance, AOD, surface reflectance, cloud mask, geometric precision correction products, etc.) production function.

Function 2

Spectral data analysis, management, portal construction, real-time rapid extraction of thematic information products, spectral product spatial analysis, visual analysis, online calculations, etc.

Function 3

Provide users with one-stop service (display, customization, inspection, drawing) functions of typical thematic products (land use, air quality, water environment, etc.).

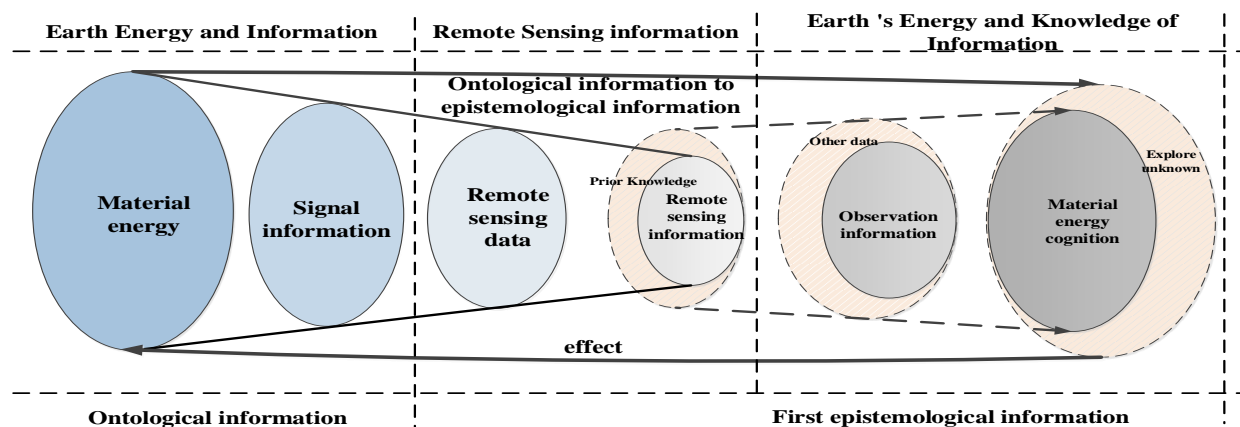
1、 Introduction

Remote Sensing Data Engineering Theory

Remote Sensing Data Information Density Function Model

Spatial Data Normalization Model

The distribution of the representation information in the data space, that is the distribution of the probability functions of the data converting to valid information.

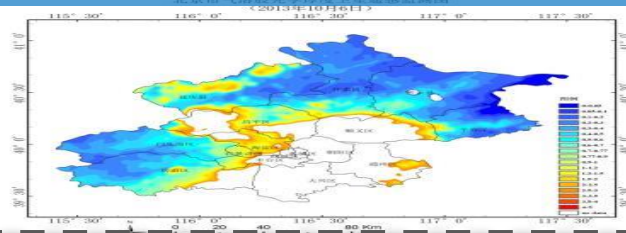
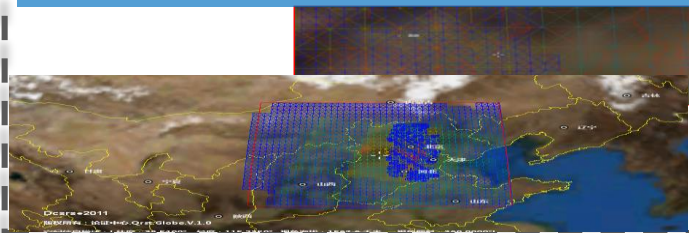


"5-level 15 grade": the effective unity of spatial data standardization model: remote sensing satellite sampling size, surface latitude and longitude grid, standard of scale.

layer	level	Tile size (°) (1000*1000)	Pixel scale (°)	Cell size at the equator (m)	Spatial resolution level (m)	Country basic scale
6	...					
	H					
	G					
5	F	50	5×10^{-2}	5566.11	5,000	
	E	25	2.5×10^{-3}	2783.05	2,500	
4	D	10	10^{-2}	1113.22	1,000	
	C	5	5×10^{-3}	556.61	500	
	B	2.5	2.5×10^{-3}	278.31	250	
3	A	1	10^{-3}	111.32	100	1:1,000,000
	9	0.5	5×10^{-4}	55.66	50	1:500,000
	8	0.25	2.5×10^{-4}	27.83	25	1:250,000
2	7	0.1	10^{-4}	11.13	10	1:100,000
	6	0.05	5×10^{-5}	5.57	5	1:50,000
	5	0.025	2.5×10^{-5}	2.78	2.5	1:25,000
1	4	0.01	10^{-5}	1.11	1	1:10,000
	3	0.005	5×10^{-6}	0.557	0.5	1:5,000
	2	0.002	2×10^{-6}	0.222	0.2	1:2,000
0	1	0.001	10^{-6}	0.111	0.1	1:1,000
	A	0.0005	5×10^{-7}	0.0557	0.05	1:500
	B	0.0002	2×10^{-7}	0.0222	0.02	
	C	0.0001	10^{-7}	0.0111	0.01	

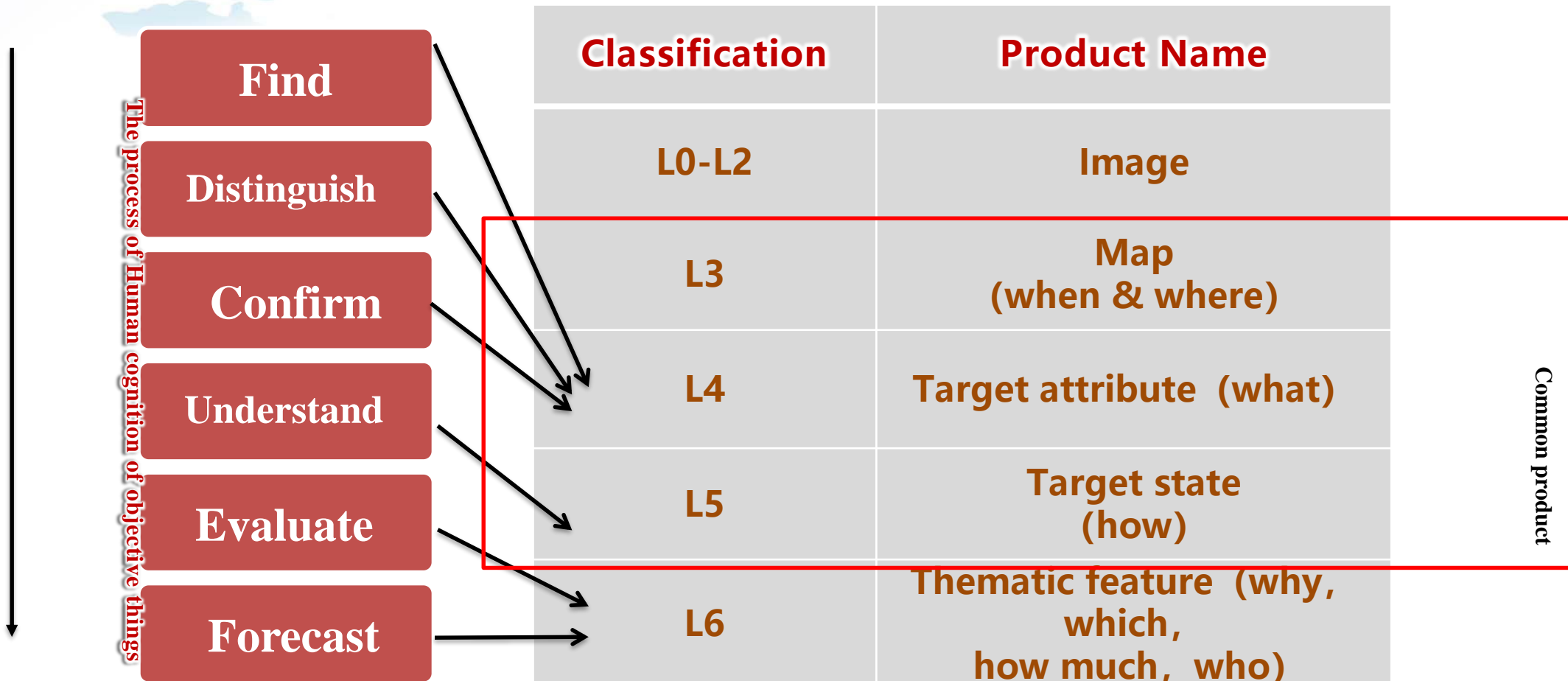
Small data: "One tile" application

Big data: "a map" application



1、 Introduction

Standardization of the Product level



2、Advantages

System performance

Data Service

More than 3 million scenes, near 3PB satellite remote sensing data.

Information extraction capability

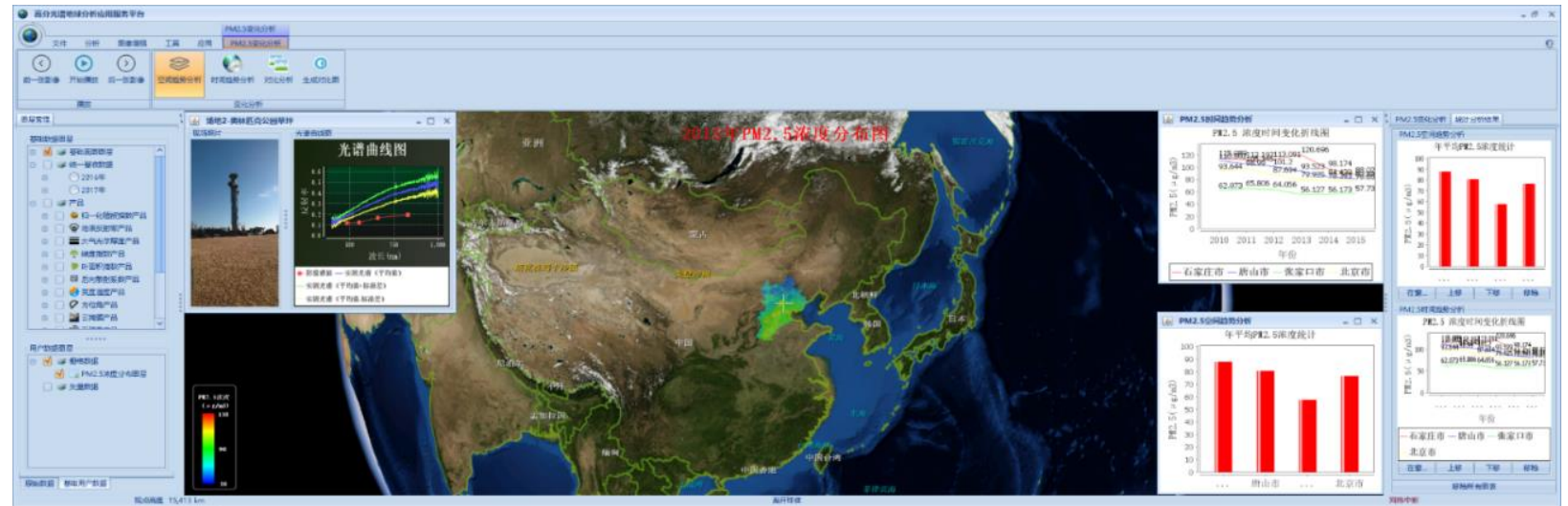
More than 300 information product extraction algorithms.

Computing capability

100 trillion times per second platform processing capability.

Group

Nearly 200 remote sensing information R & D and production teams .



2、Advantages

Big data computing power

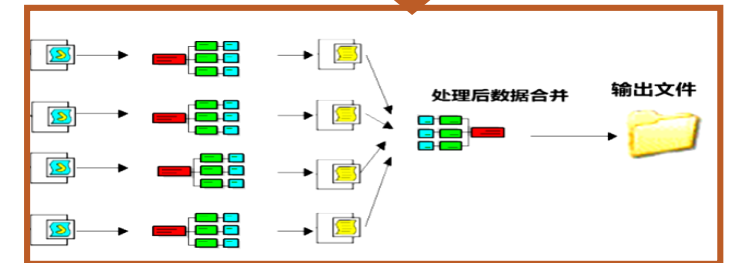
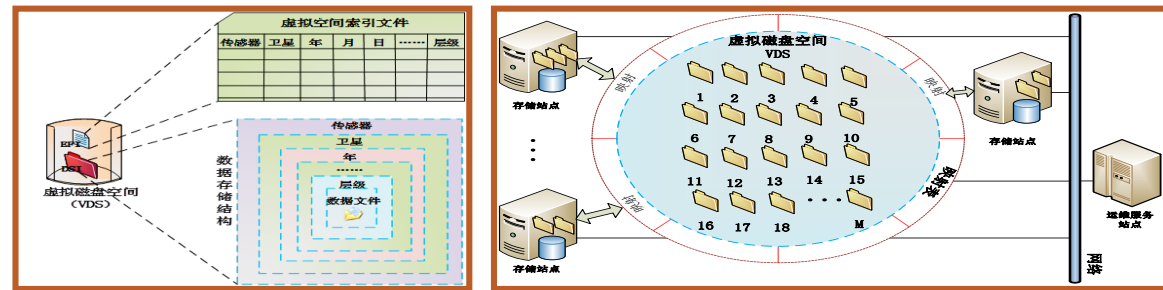
- Satellite data and product application standard specification
- Quantitative remote sensing scale processing technology
- Data preprocessing system
- Support multi domain application system construction and large-scale quantitative application.

Computing power of 100 million billion times per second

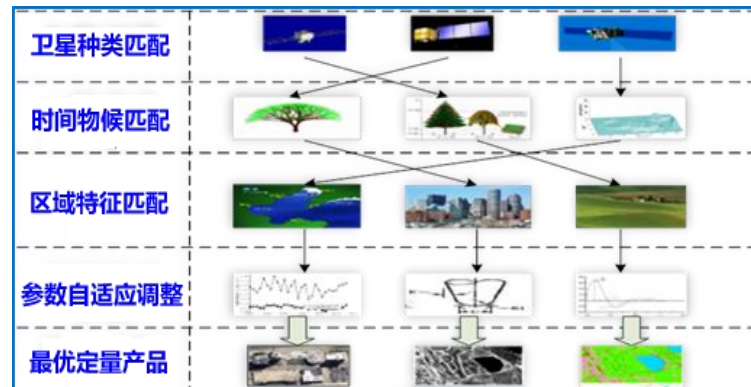
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Data and product application standards

Distributed storage architecture for remote sensing data



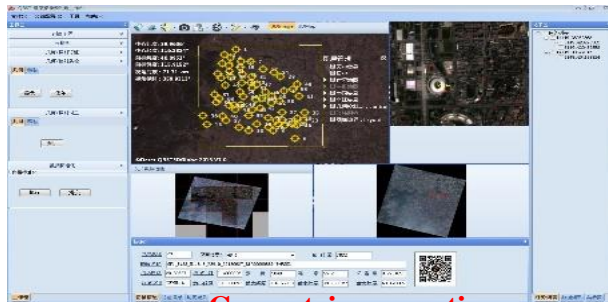
Star cluster data preprocessing system



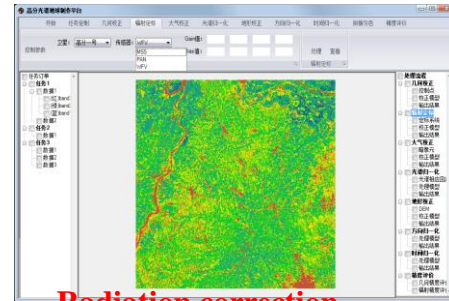
Scale processing technology

2、Advantages

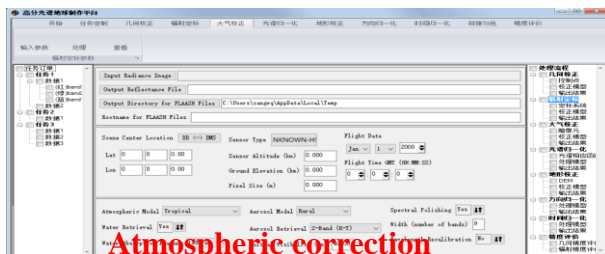
Processing ToolSet



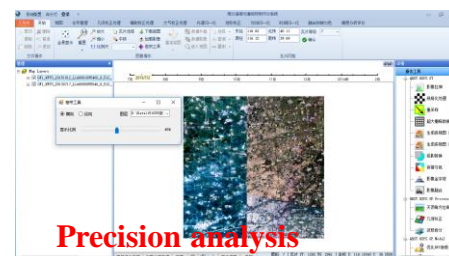
Geometric correction



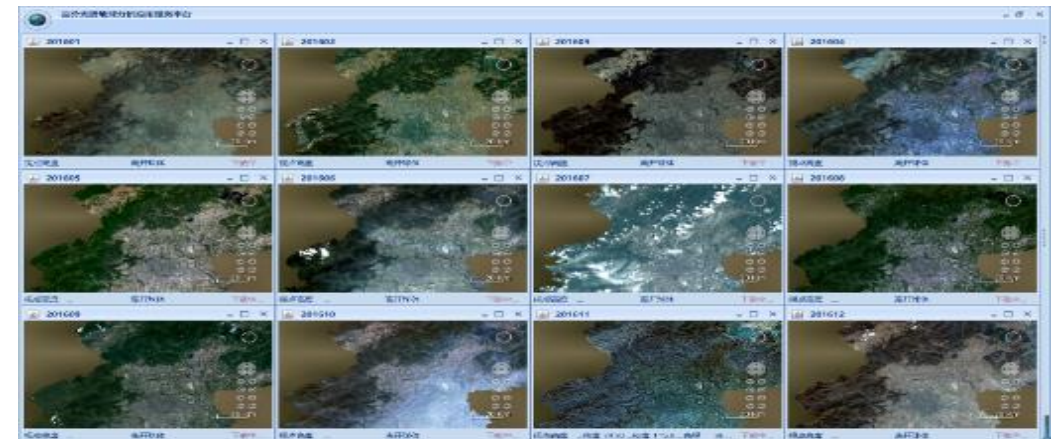
Radiation correction



Atmospheric correction



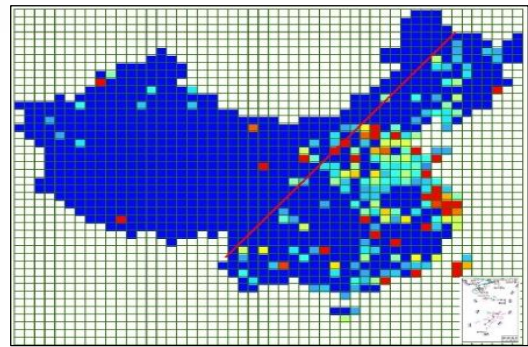
Precision analysis



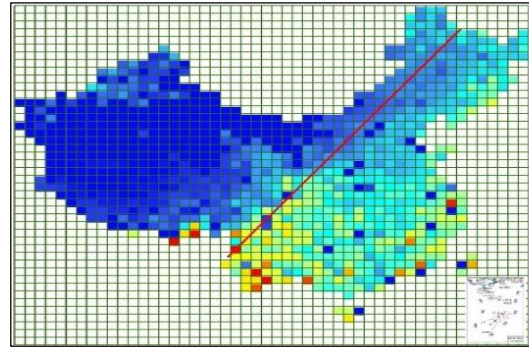
2、Advantages

Data Fusion

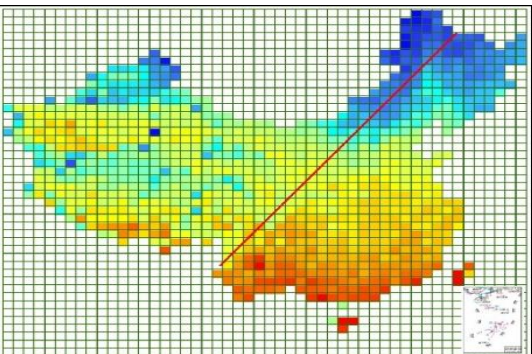
➤ Pan-Huline Model Fusion



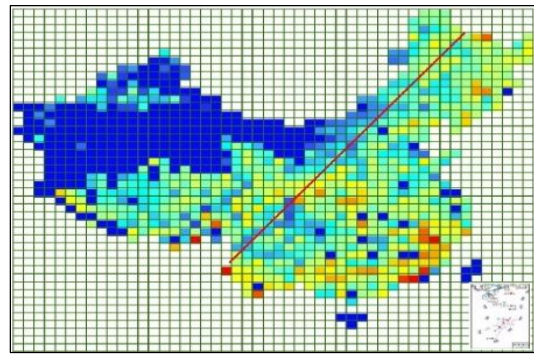
1°National population density



1°NPP

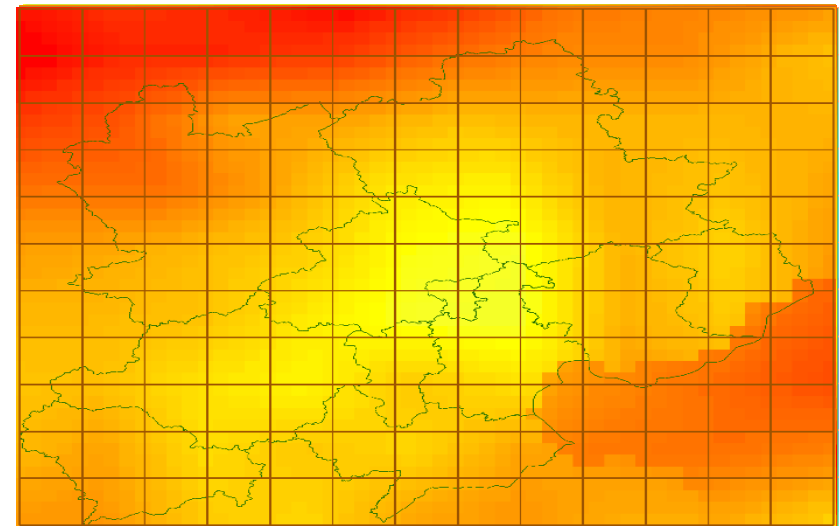


1°mean monthly temperature



1°National evapotranspiration

➤ Fusion of field and remote sensing data



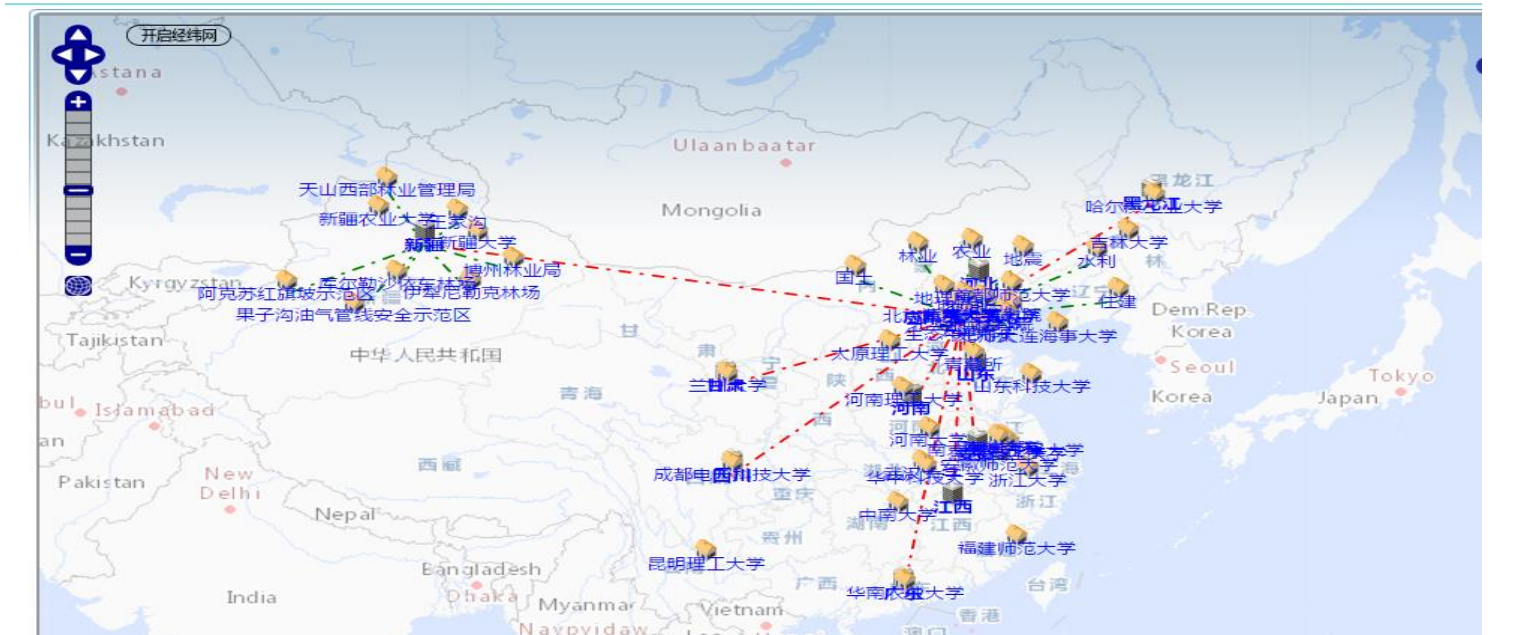
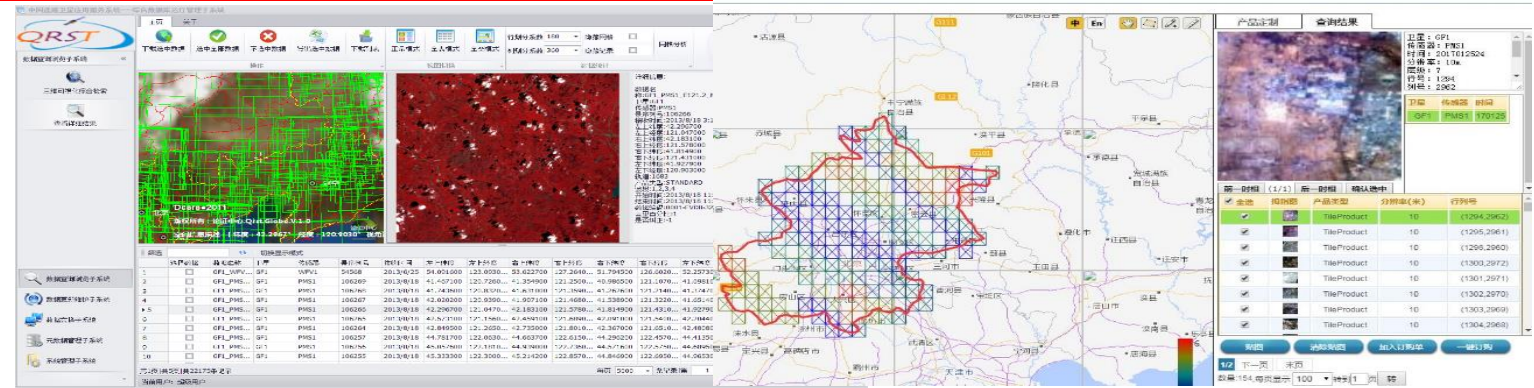
0.5°京津冀风场



2、Advantages

Networked service capability

- **Data Center:** Store and manage data about **2,000,000** views, raw data and product tool **3PB** storage.
- **Area:** Xinjiang, Sichuan, Heilongjiang, Hebei, Guangxi, Guangdong, Zhejiang, Gansu, etc. **19** provinces;
- **Science and education unit:** more than **53**;



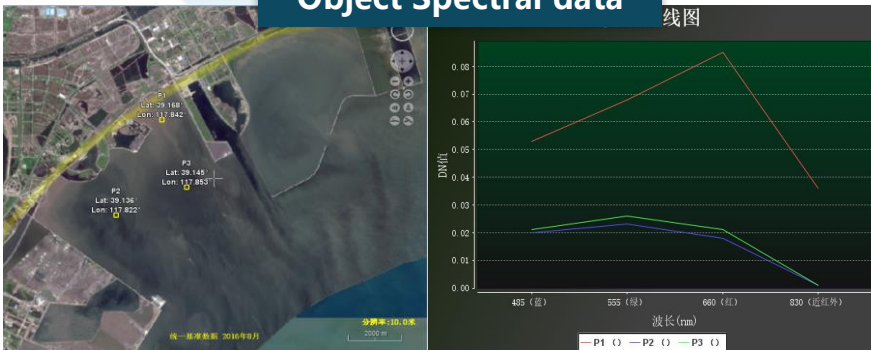
3、Applications



Image Earth

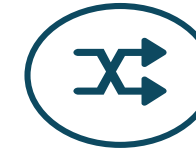
Object Spectral data

线图



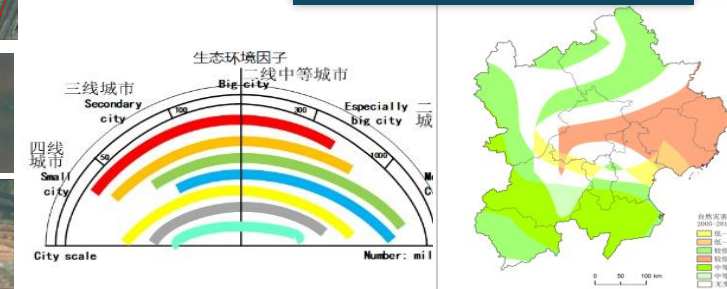
Information Earth

Object recognition and change detection

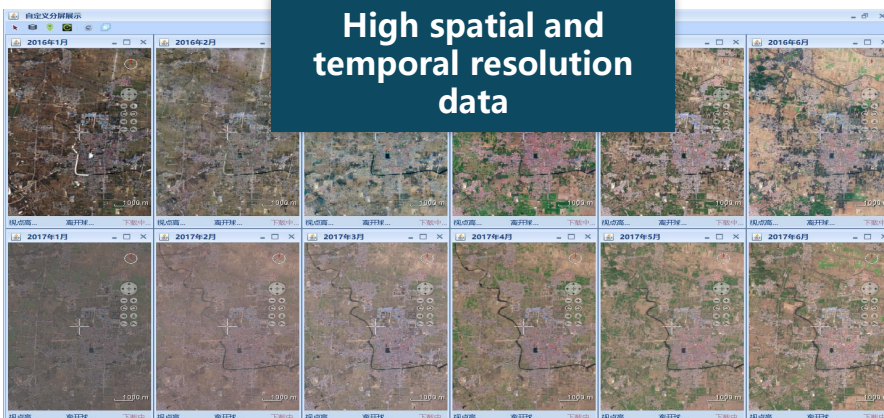


Knowledge earth

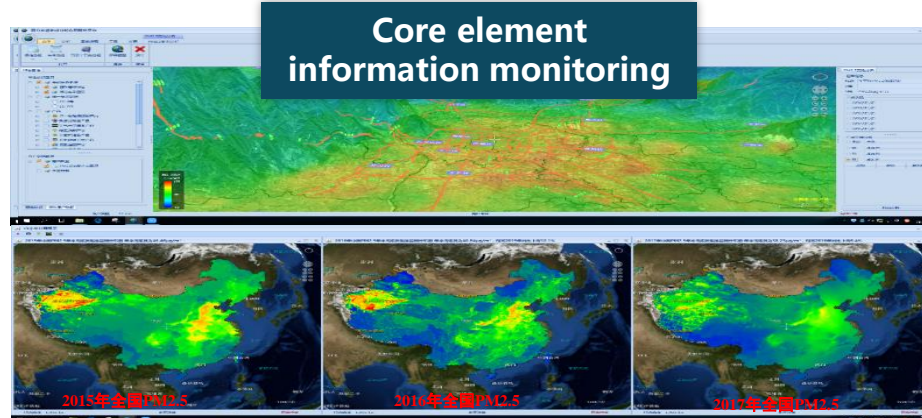
Development status evaluation



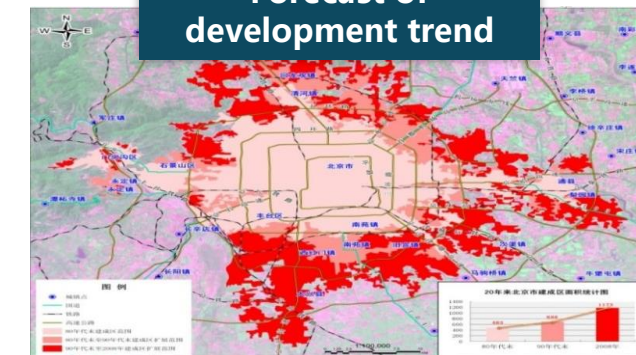
High spatial and temporal resolution data



Core element information monitoring



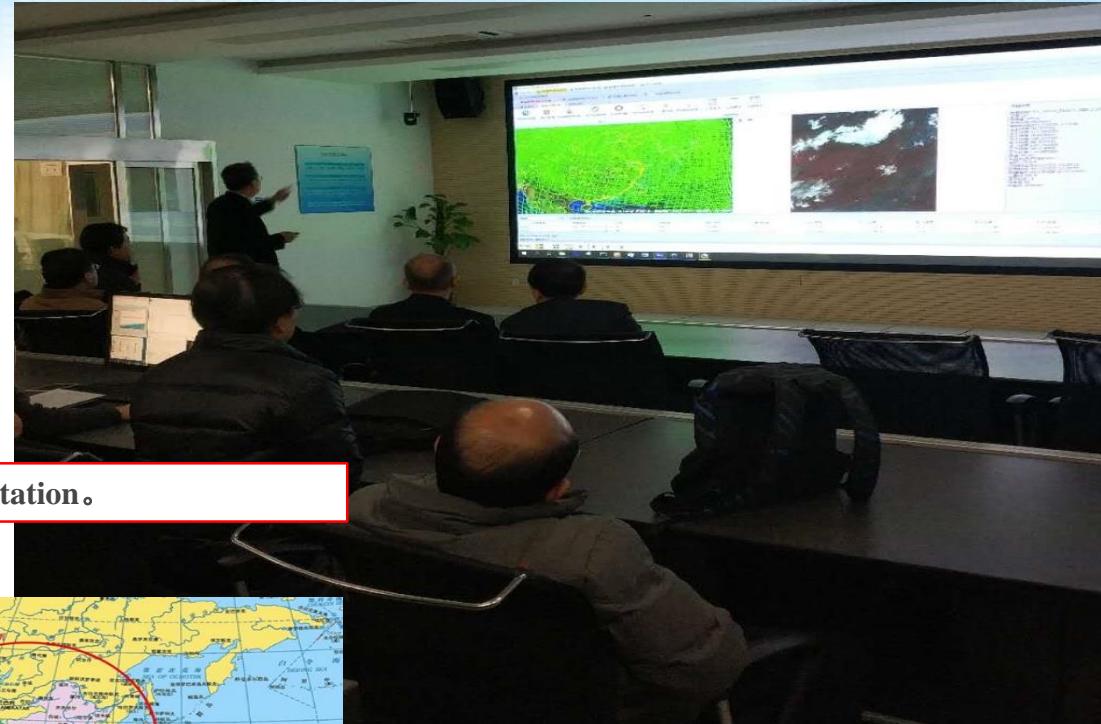
Forecast of development trend



3、Applications

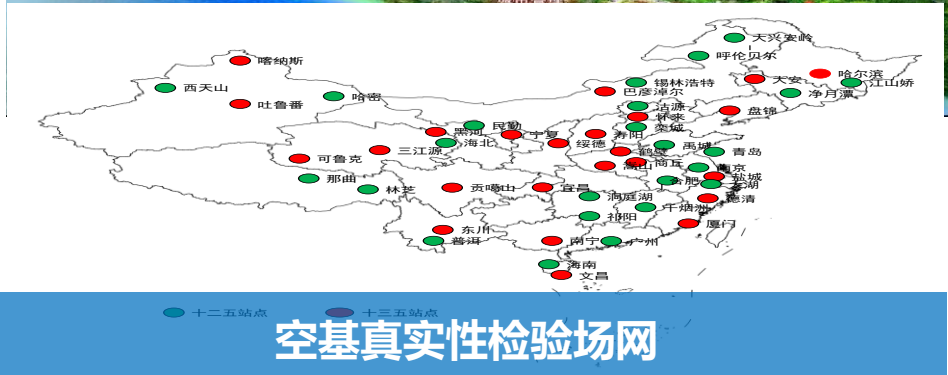
Image Earth

China High resolution earth observation system (7 satellites) and others Data quantity > 10PB.



Data of China's satellite earth station.

Aerial remote sensing aircraft

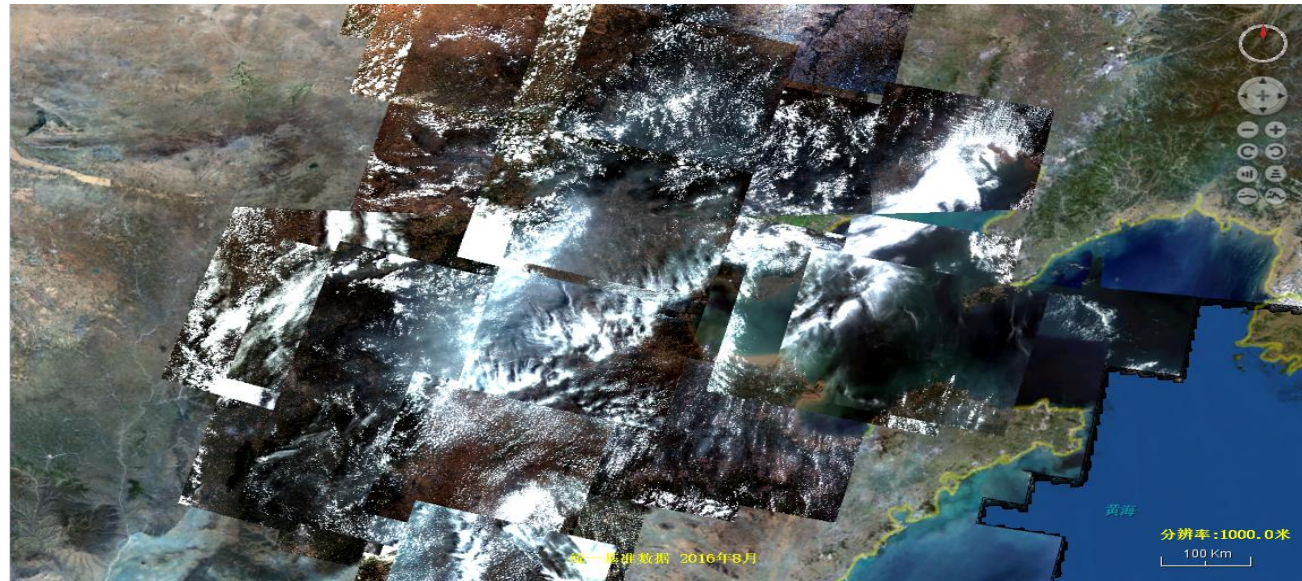


3、Applications

Image Earth

Comparison of images and processed Dataset

Time: July, 2016



3、Applications

Image Earth



Comparison between different years

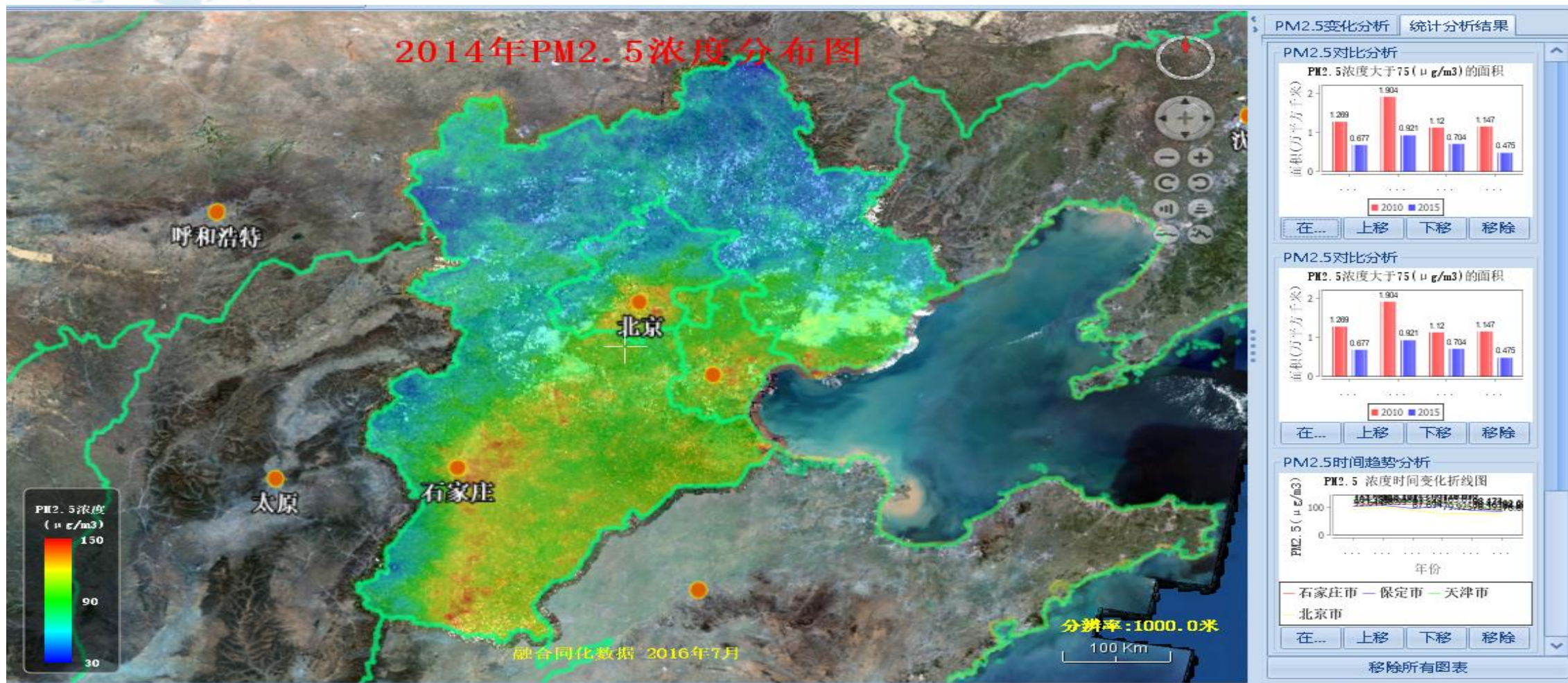


3、Applications

Information Earth



PM2.5 yearly average result in 2014, Beijing, Tianjin and Hebei

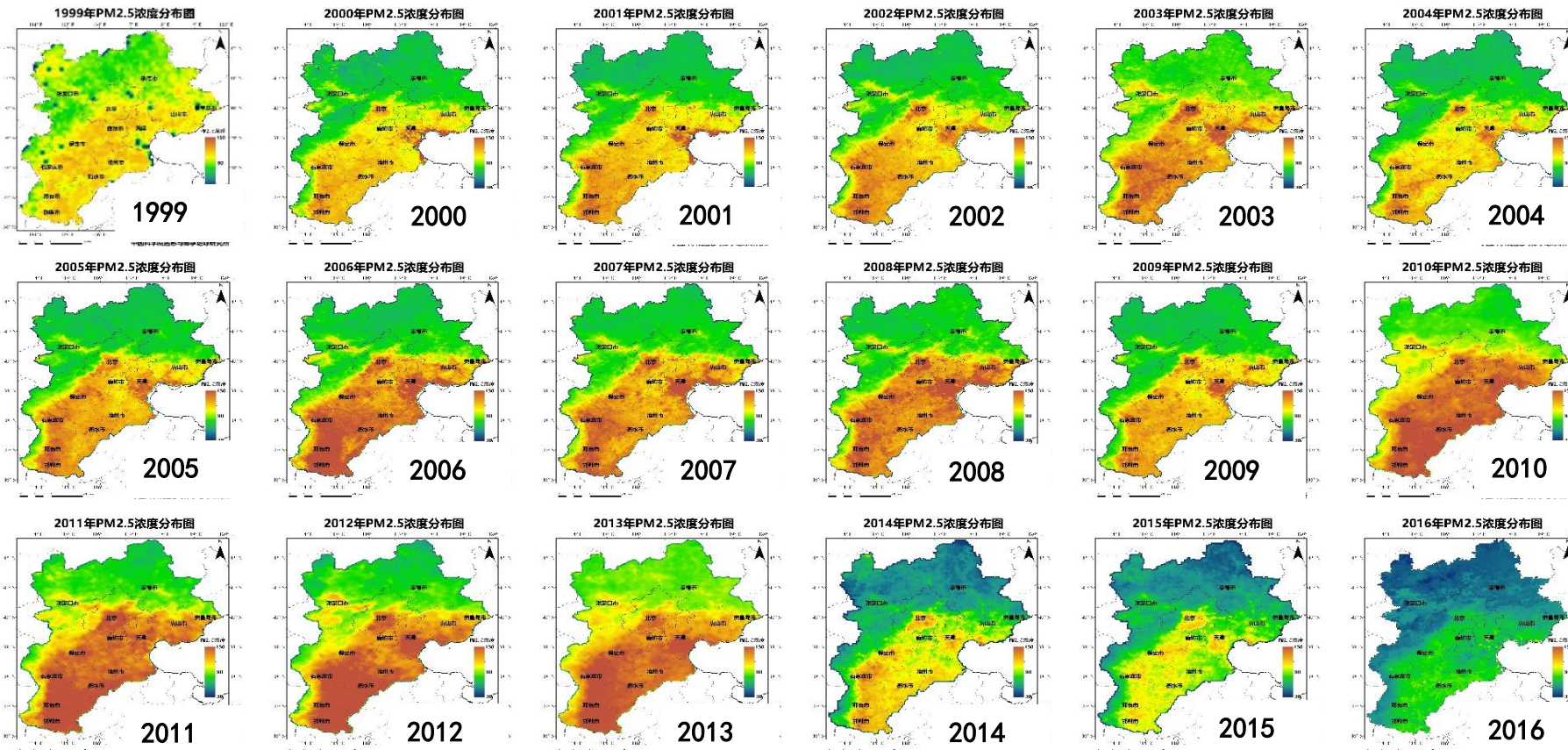


3、Applications

Information Earth



Remote sensing of atmospheric particulate matter



◆ From 2011 to 2016, the concentration of PM2.5 in Beijing was high in the southeast and low in the northwest.

◆ After the implementation of the 2013 Air Pollution Action Plan (referred to as the Air Ten), the PM2.5 concentration dropped significantly.



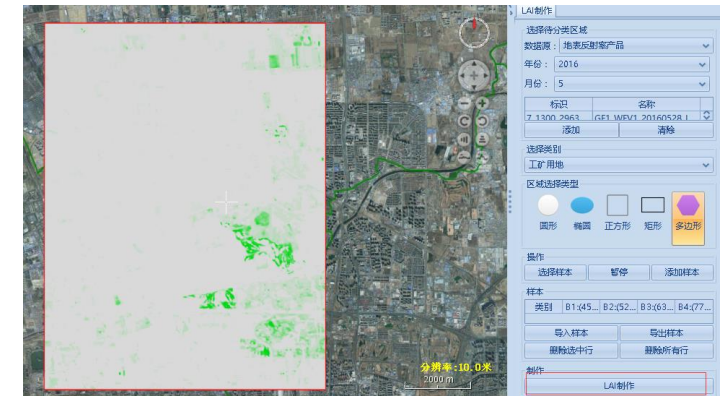
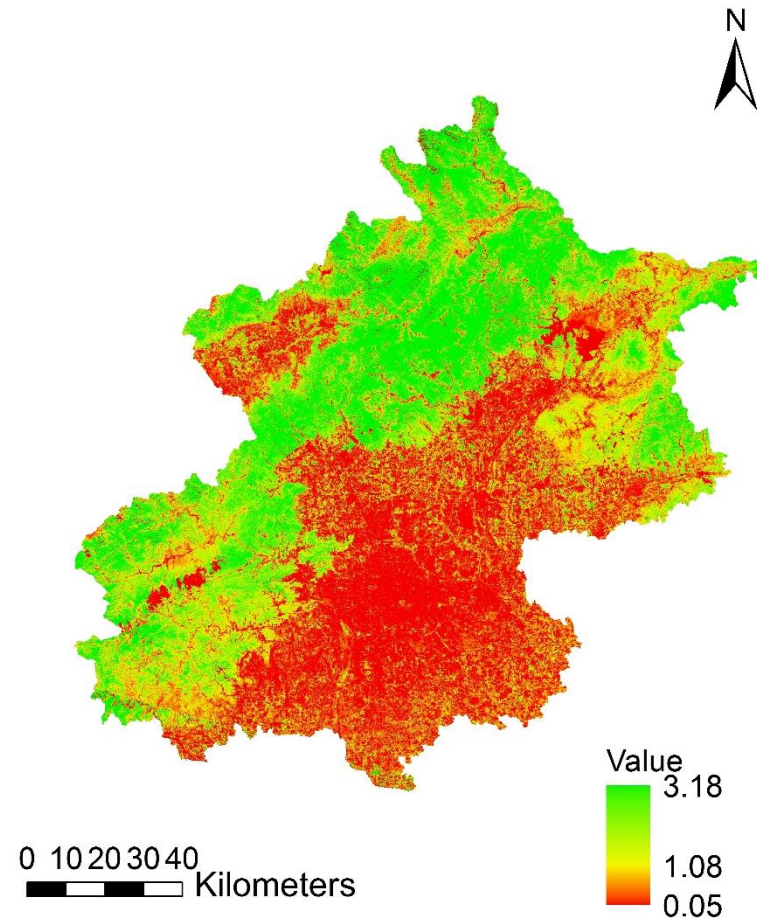
3、Applications



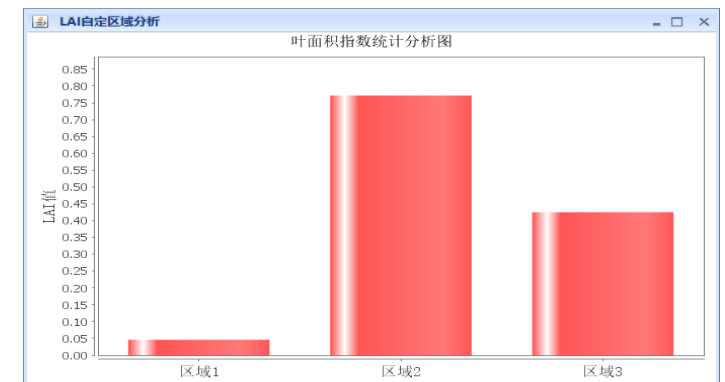
LAI of Beijing 2015

Information Earth

For Beijing, all the tile data (including tiles with different phases) of Spectral Earth in September 2015 were used to generate LAI space-time integrated products.



calculation



analysis

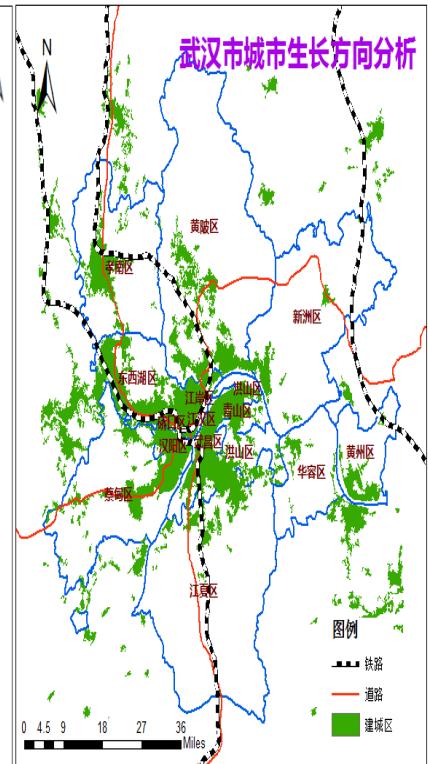
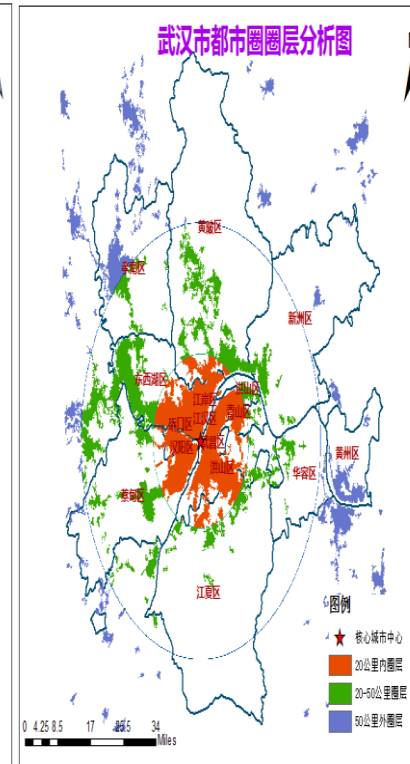
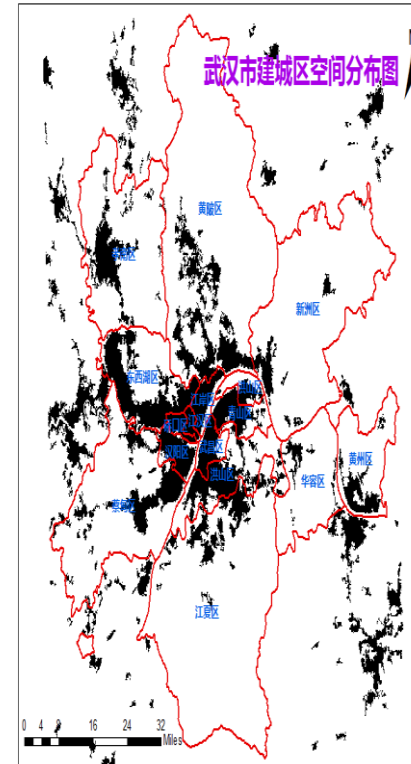
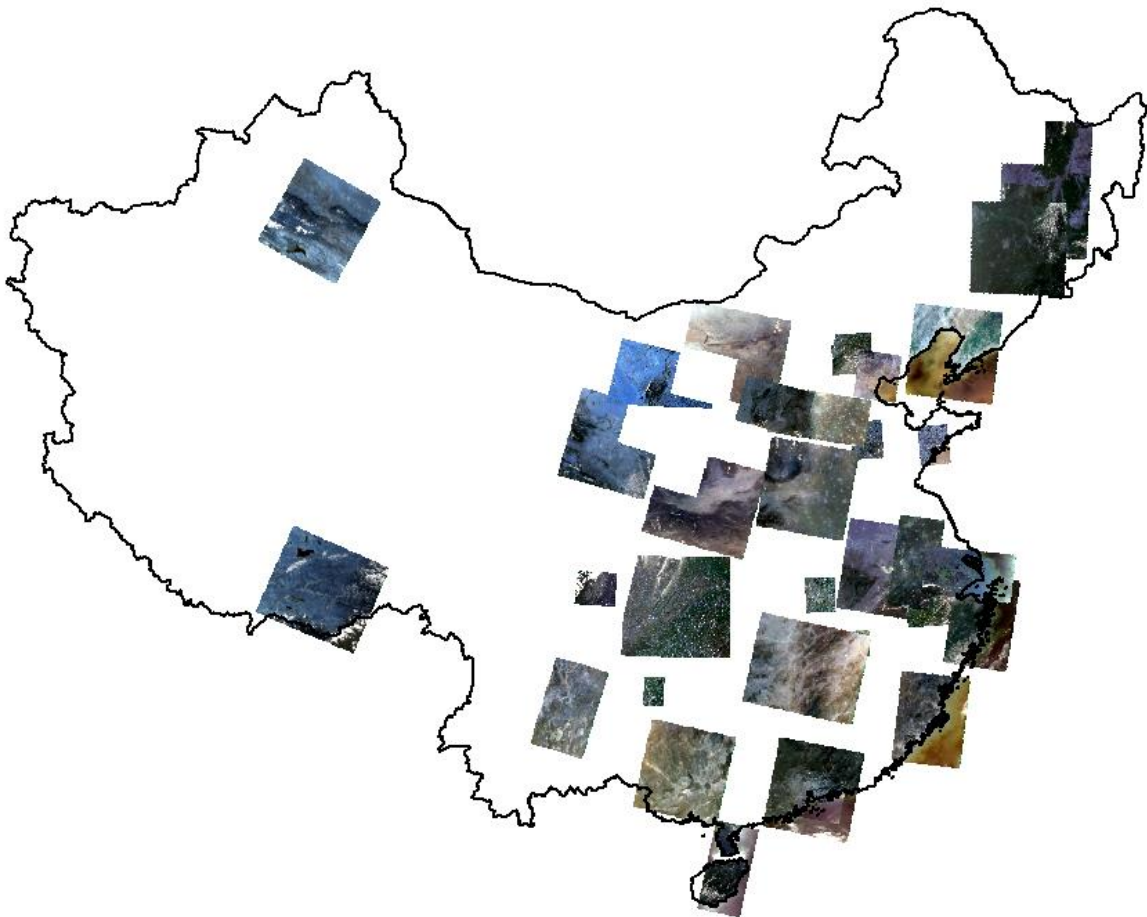
3、Applications



Landcover classification of urban region

Information Earth

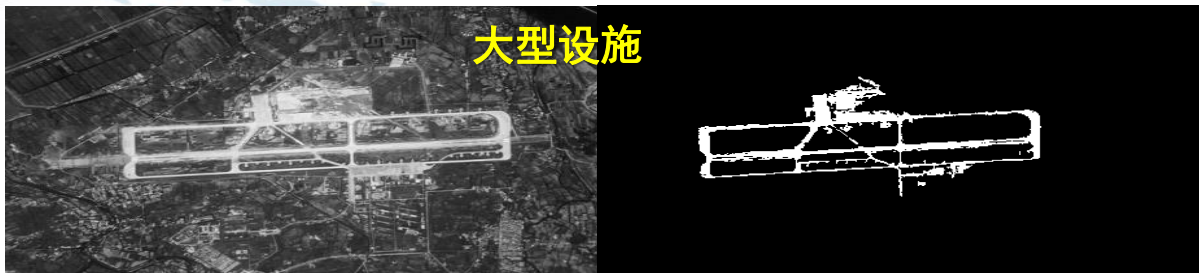
- 37 main cities of China, more than 400,000 sq.km
- 6 classes: forest/grass/crop/buildings/soil/water
- Urban development analysis



3、Applications

Information Earth

大型设施



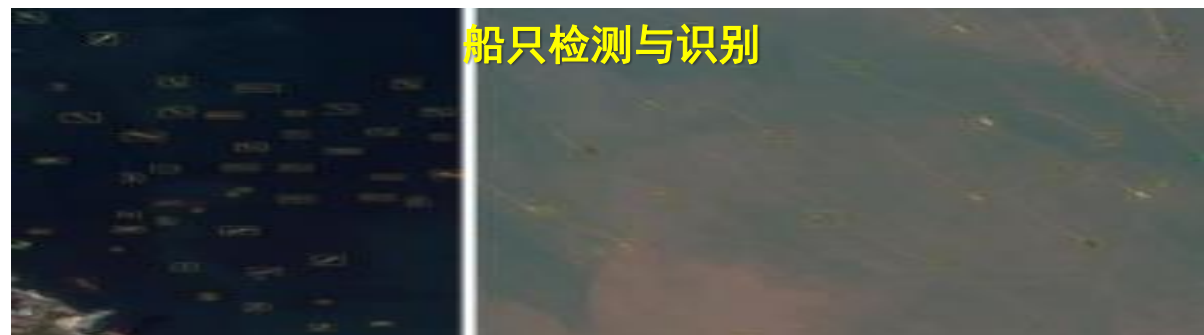
高尔夫球场识别



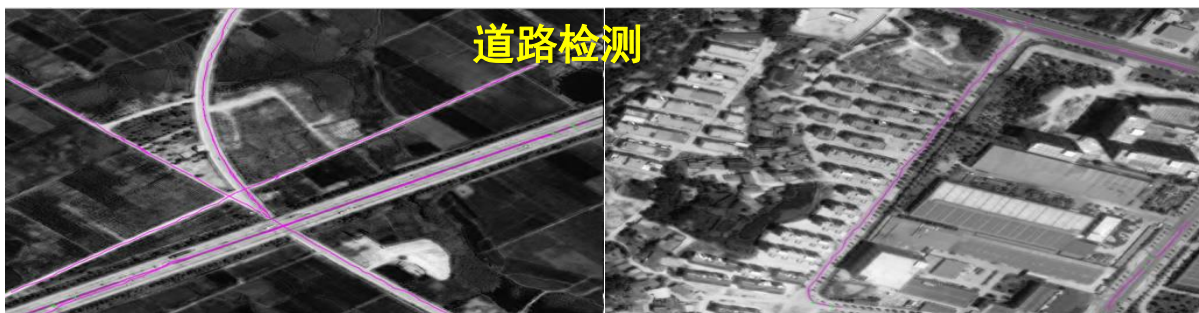
人工建筑



船只检测与识别



道路检测



建筑变化检测

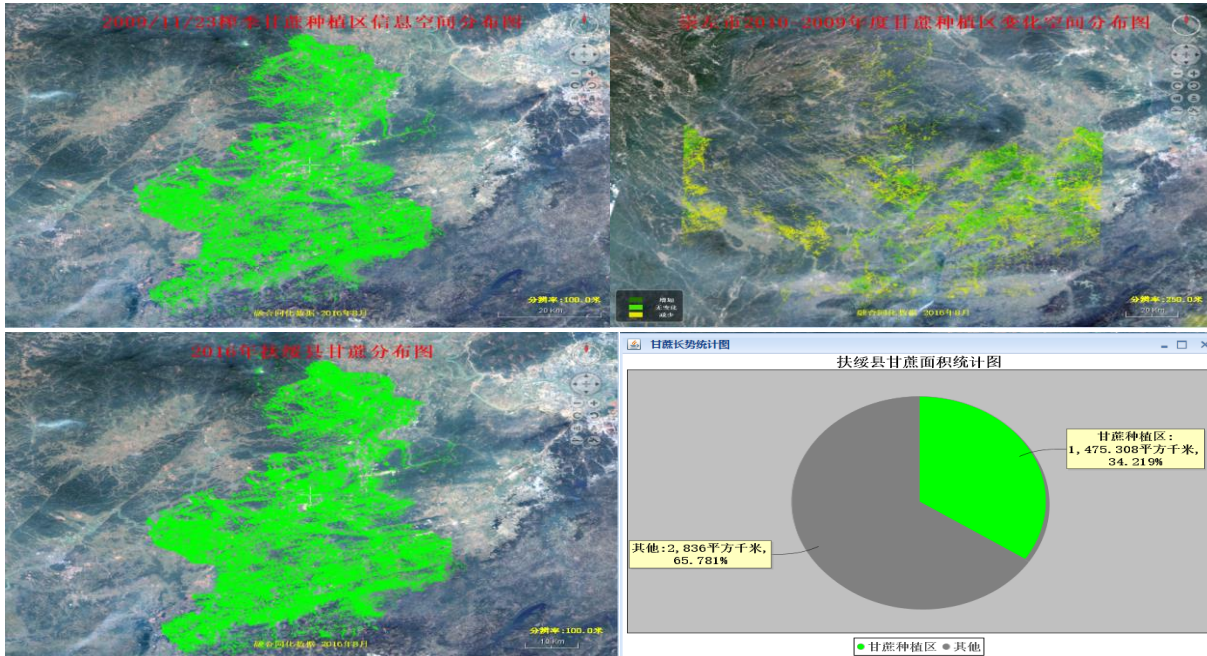


3、Applications

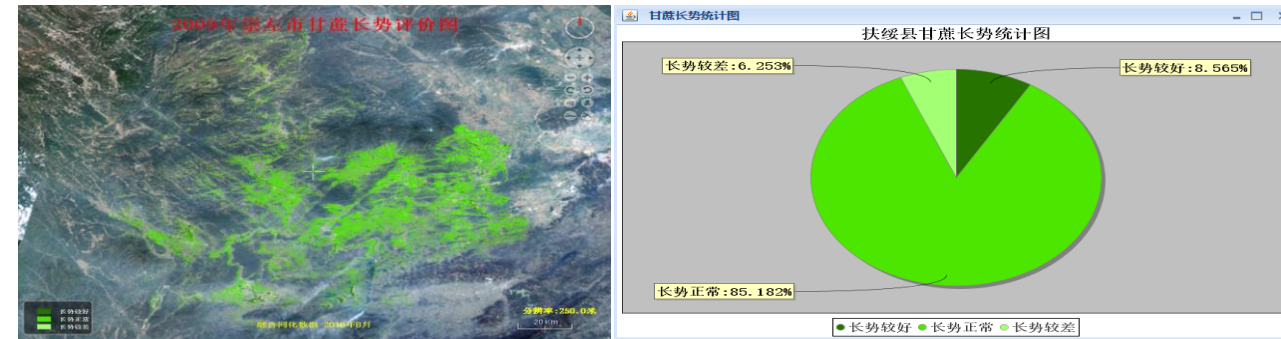


Sugar cane in Guangxi

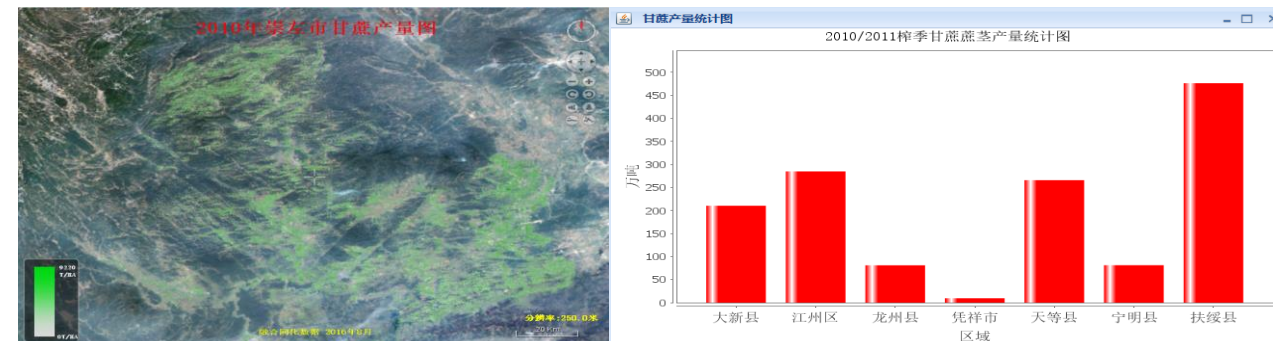
Knowledge Earth



Area



growth



Yield estimation di.cas.cn

4. Future development

1

Integrate massive spectral datasets with concurrent access capabilities of more than 10,000 users to build a shared spectral globe that blends time and space.

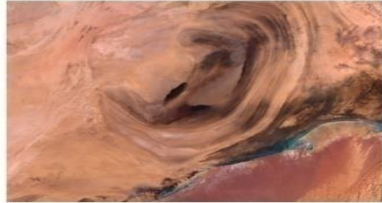
2

Optimize high-speed spectral product processing engine, integrate algorithms, knowledge base, super-calculation platform and other advantageous resources to achieve quasi-real-time typical element information extraction and analysis capabilities.

3

Dynamic monitoring of core elements of sustainable development such as service ecological environment, new urbanization, modern agriculture, smart cities, water resources, and disaster reduction, meeting the major application needs

Thanks!



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