ORDNANCE SURVEY

## Smart City: Digital Twin? Ordnance Survey Developments

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### What we do

- Create, maintain and distribute detailed geospatial information for Britain
- 500 million geospatial features in the master map
- 10,000+ changes a day
- International business





### What is Smart? - Helping Dubai become the world's happiest city

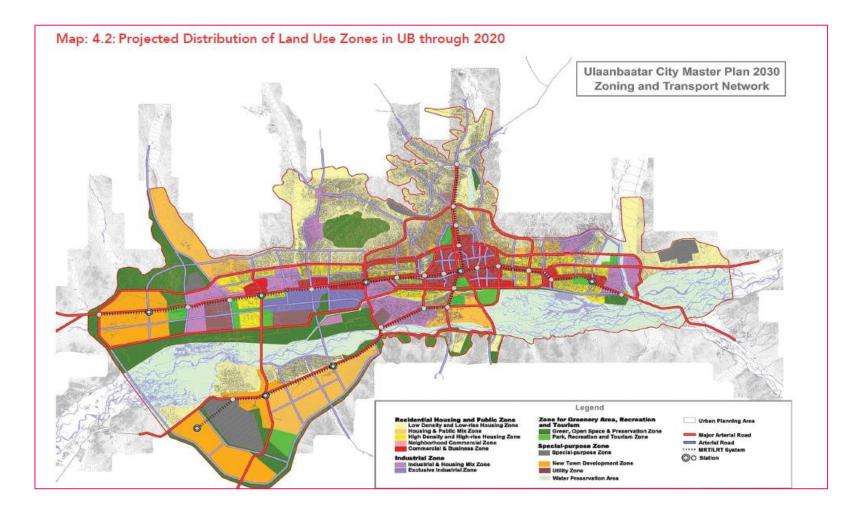


Protective Marking | Date

### What is Smart? – land administration?

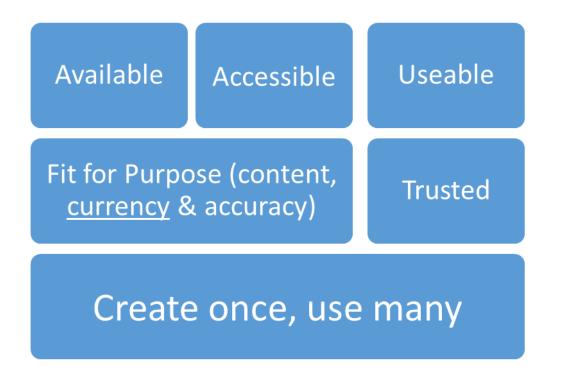


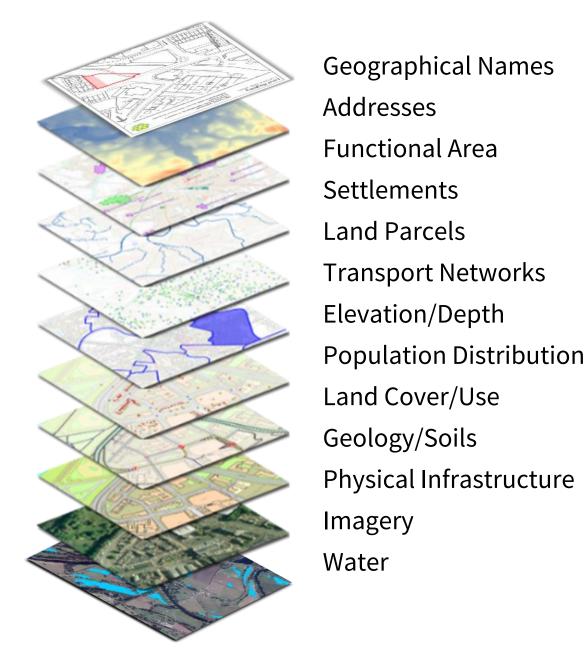
### What is Smart? - City planning?

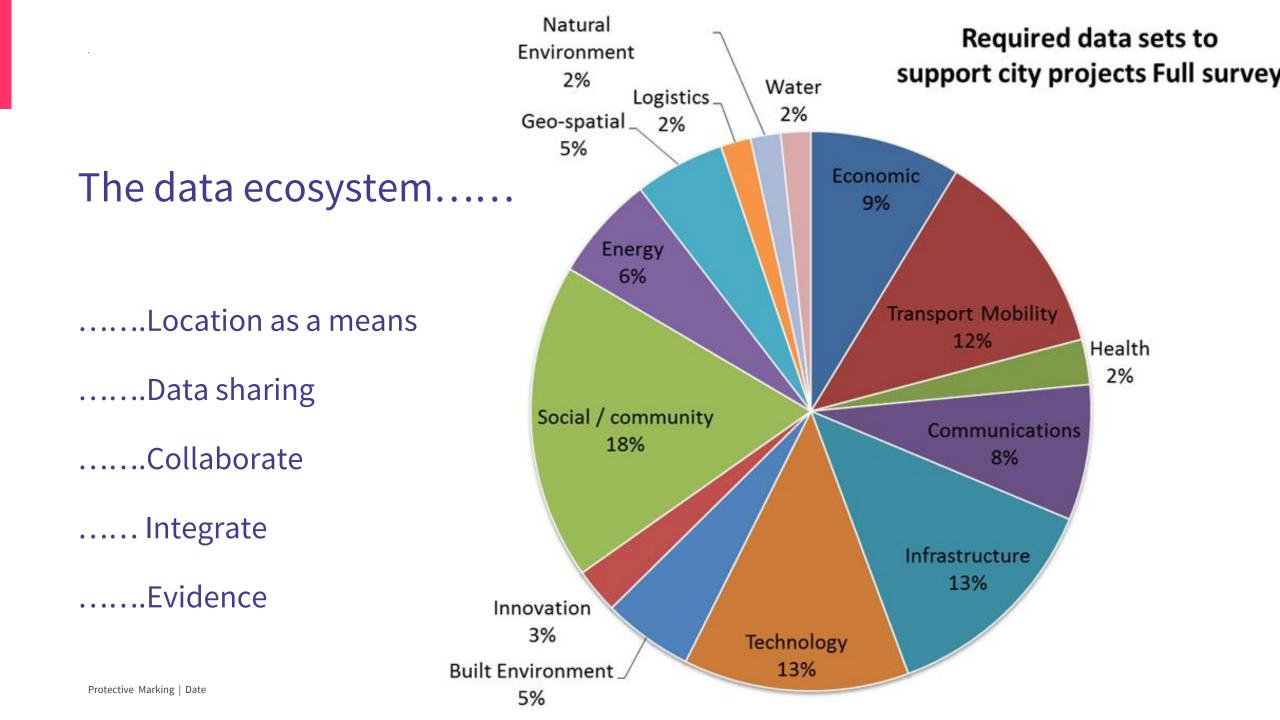


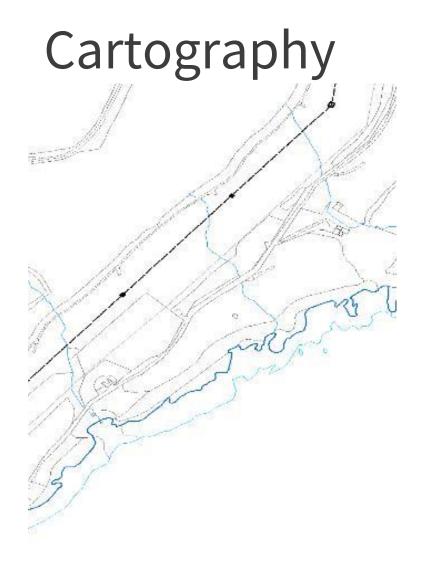


 Data are an infrastructural resource – a form of capital that cannot be depleted and that can be used for a theoretically unlimited range of purposes.'
Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), 2015









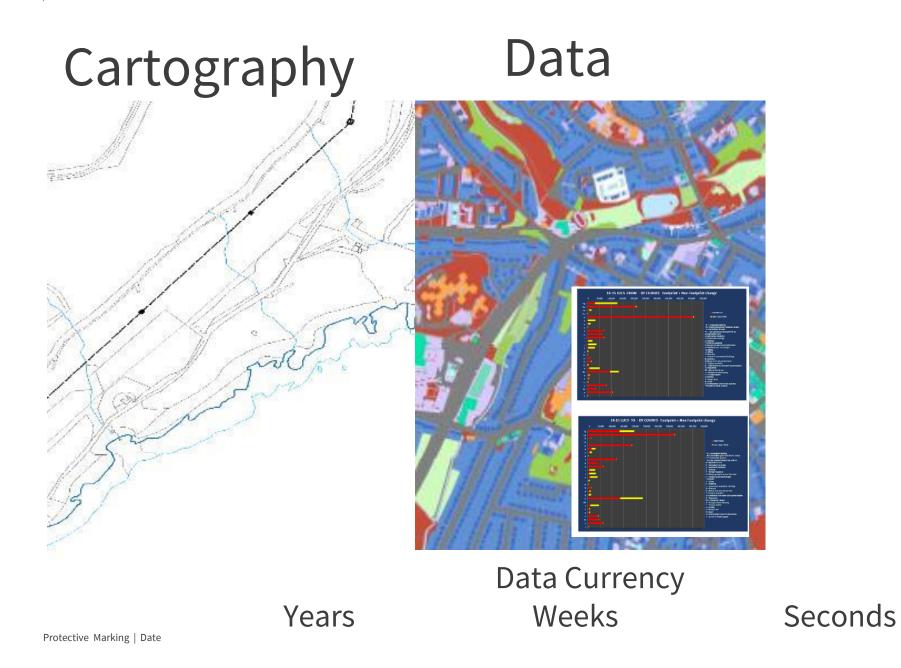
Years

Data Currency Weeks

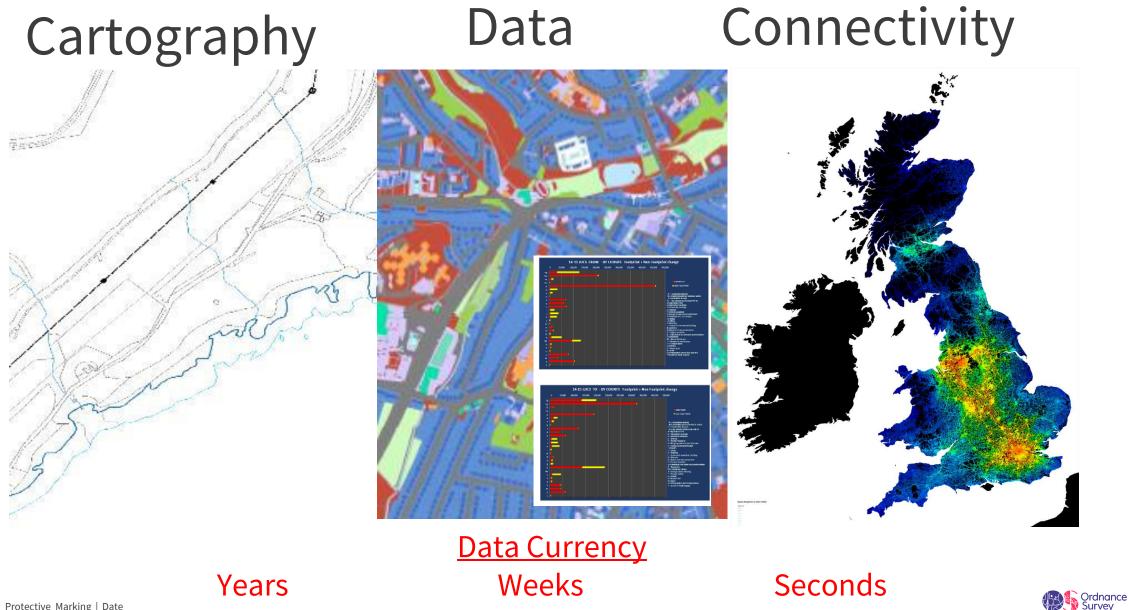
Seconds

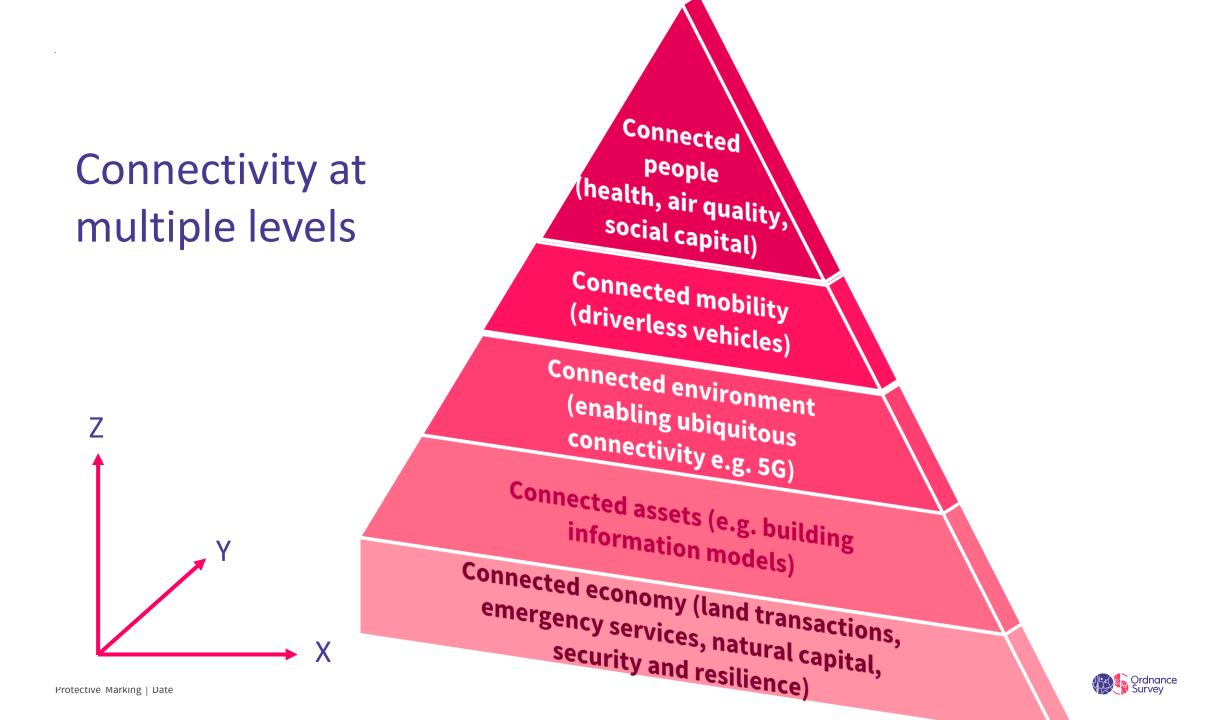


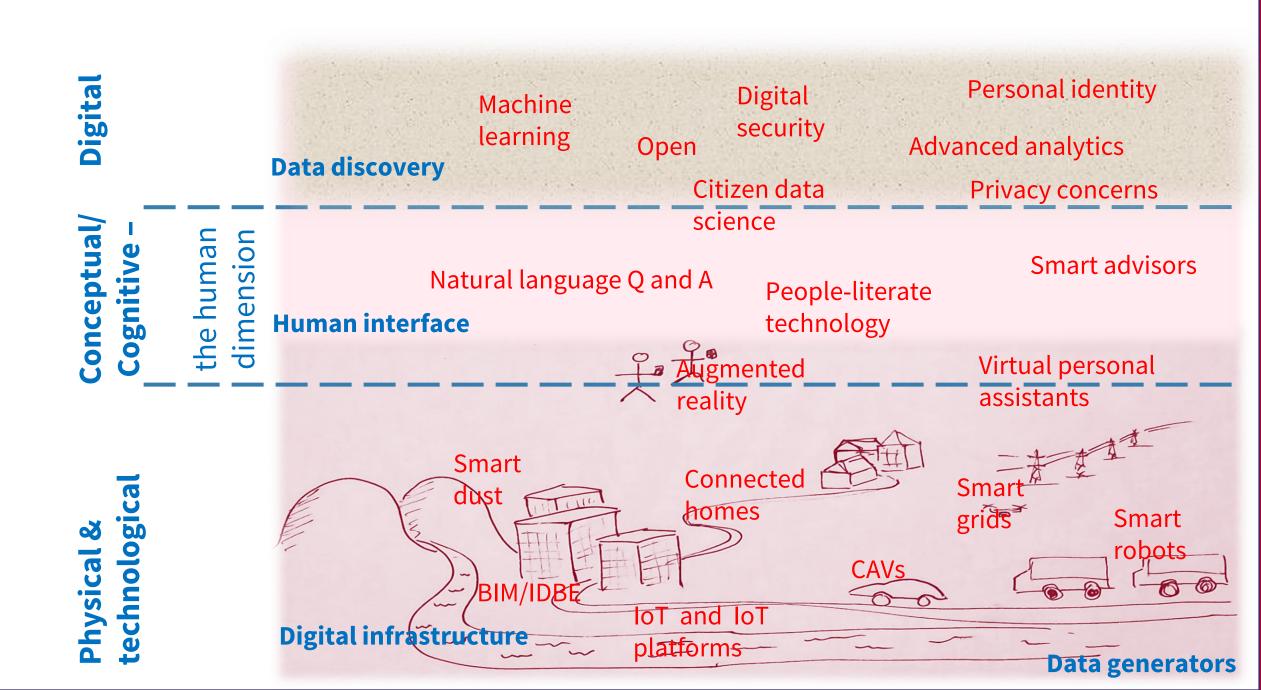
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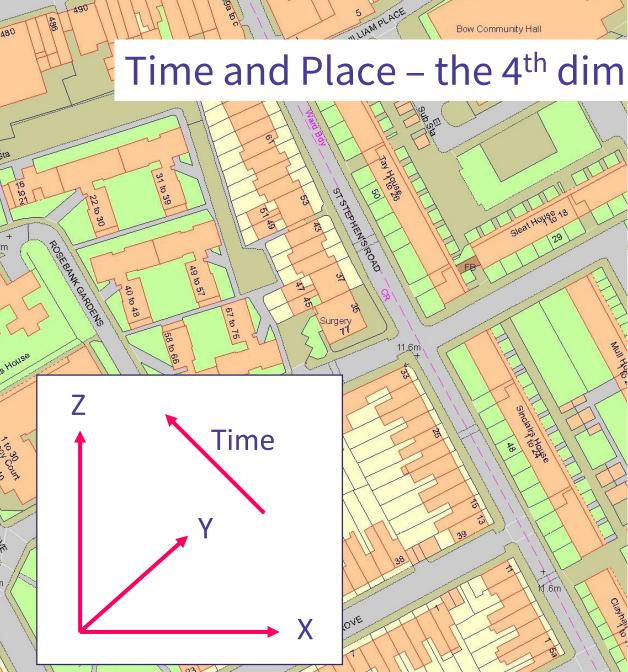


Ordnance Survey









490

486



WILLIAM PLACE

Bow Community Hall

Time and Place – the 4<sup>th</sup> dimension is critical



# cityverve





















The University of Manchester

Manchester Metropolitan University

Central Manchester University Hospitals **NHS Foundation Trust** 



Asset Mapping

SPARTADIGITAL SOTSOFE







### CityVerve – our role

- Understanding and advising on the place-based architecture to support Smart Cities.
- Developing new ways for users to consume and share "geo" data through access and visualisation
- Capturing more data than ever before, based around a cities needs and use cases – streetside assets, 3D, point clouds, imagery etc
- Enabling new and emerging technology such as the Internet of Things and dynamic data content
- Ensuring that location data is a first consideration when designing and developing places and spaces
- Encouraging the need for spatial frameworks to be a key element in the design of Smart Cities and places



### A unique view

Combining this new information with OS MasterMap creates a unique view

This enables innovation and creates compelling opportunities for Smart Cities and IoT



### Urban Navigation

**995** Tactile pavings

**262** Pedestrian crossings

**133** Crossing control posts

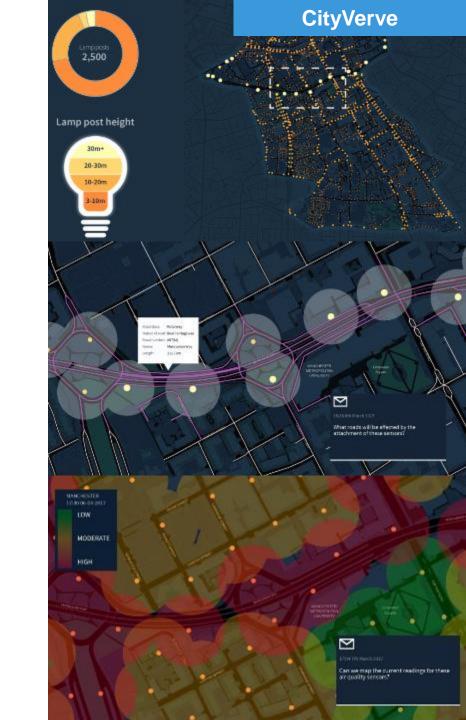
82 Bus stops



### CityVerve - Case Study

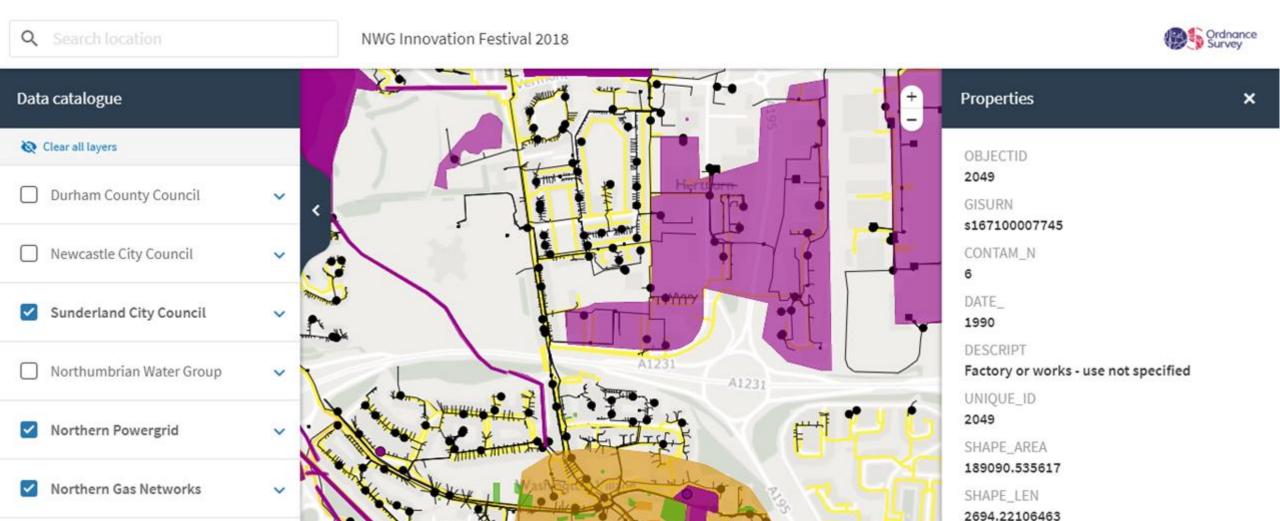
### Mapping and analysing Air Quality data

- Each street side asset has been accurately located and attributed
- This can help determine if they are suitable for sensor deployment, such as Air Quality devices
- Infrastructure can be assessed for suitability and deployment plans can be integrated with other schedules
- Combined with other geospatial data and real time information, disruption can be minimised
- Real time Air Quality data and information on routes and traffic can provide citizens with more choice on where to go and when



### Above and below ground data integration

# Integration of third party data for city and region planning and development

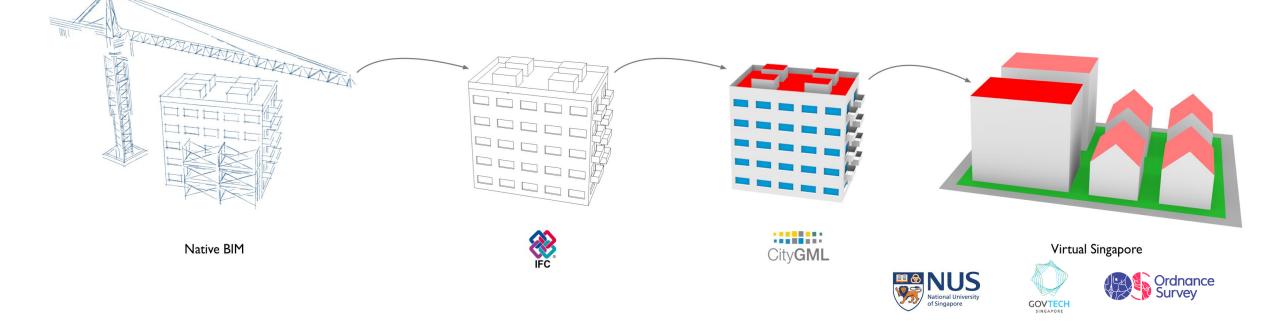


### Developing a 3D data model in Singapore

GovTech asked Ordnance Survey International for expert advice about creating data specifications, and a product flowline and process to generate CityGML-compliant data.



Development of tools to enable further enhancement of the Virtual Singapore representation... combining BIM, Geospatial, and urban use cases

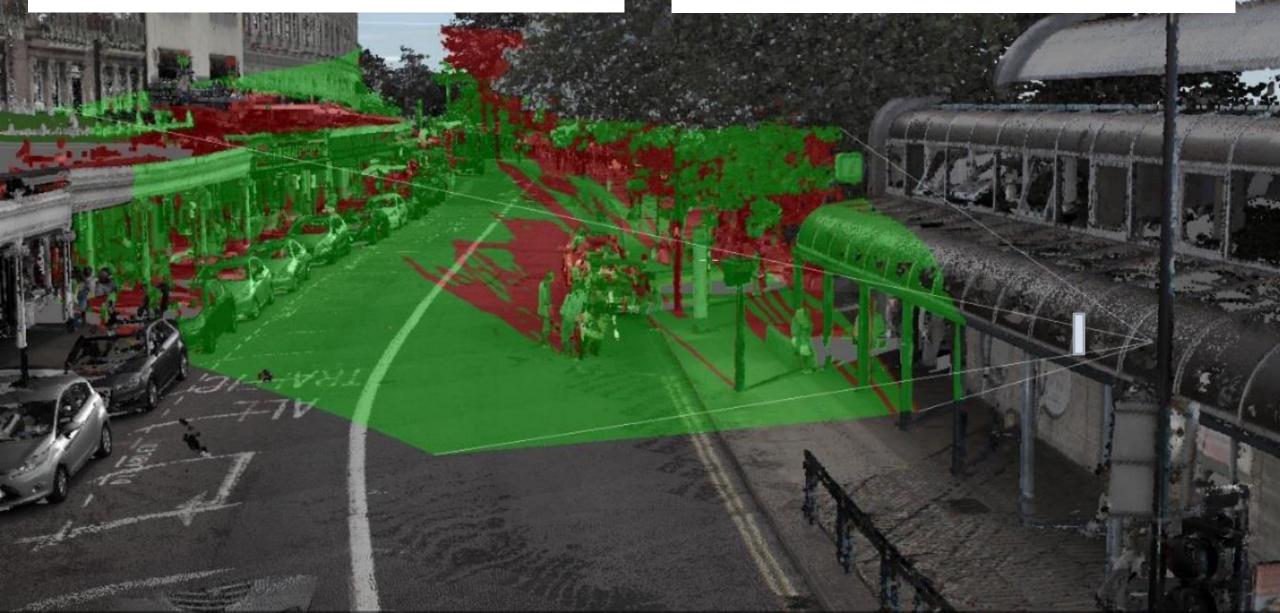


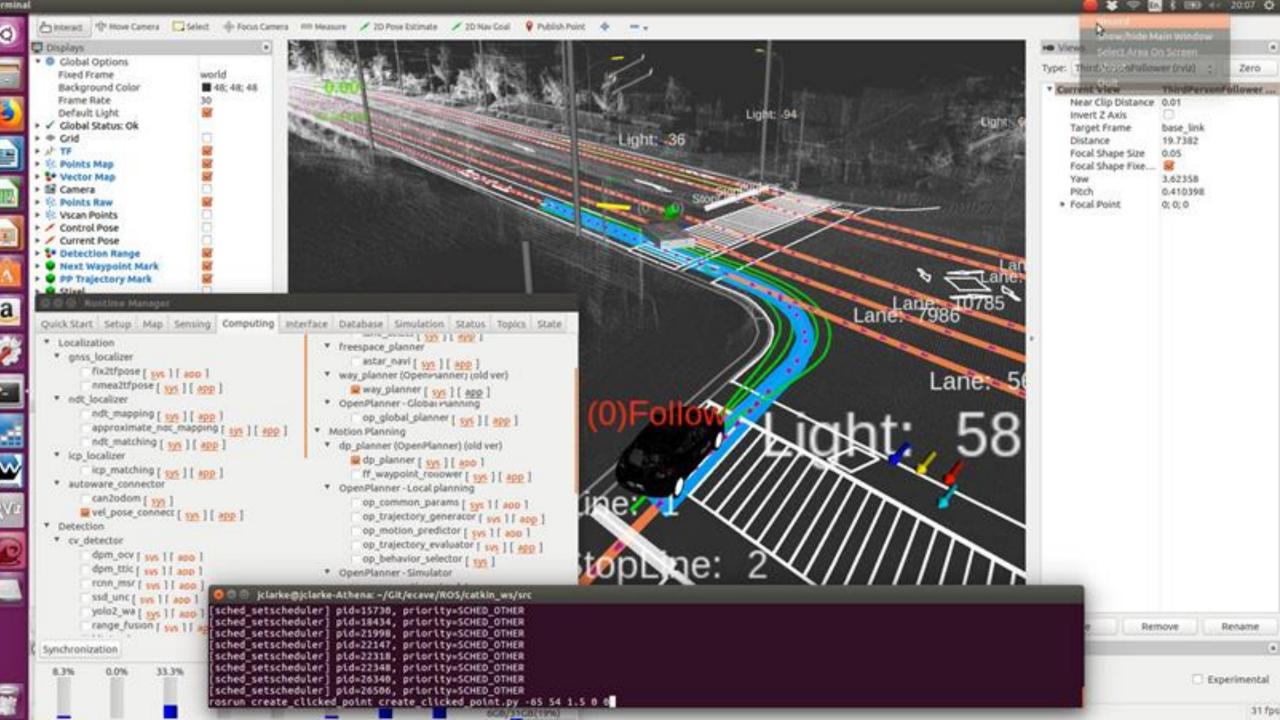
### The Bournemouth 5G project



≫ Met Office

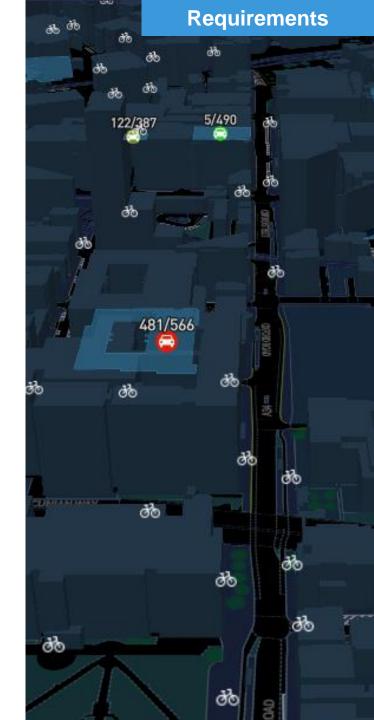






### We are seeing a growing need from cities for:

- **Granularity.** We are seeing emerging requirements for high-resolution, 3D data frameworks.
- **Connectivity**. Networks need to support the transfer of dynamic data, rich, attributed content and underpin the connection of fixed and mobile assets
- **Standards.** Ever-more important to enable true interoperability and machine-readability.
- **Data models.** Need to be authoritative, federated, fully integrated, extensible and secure, supporting alternative interpretations of the real world.
- **Sustainability.** Frictionless data exchange and the right business models.
- **Visualisation.** (AKA cartography) remains fundamentally important because humans are still in charge.



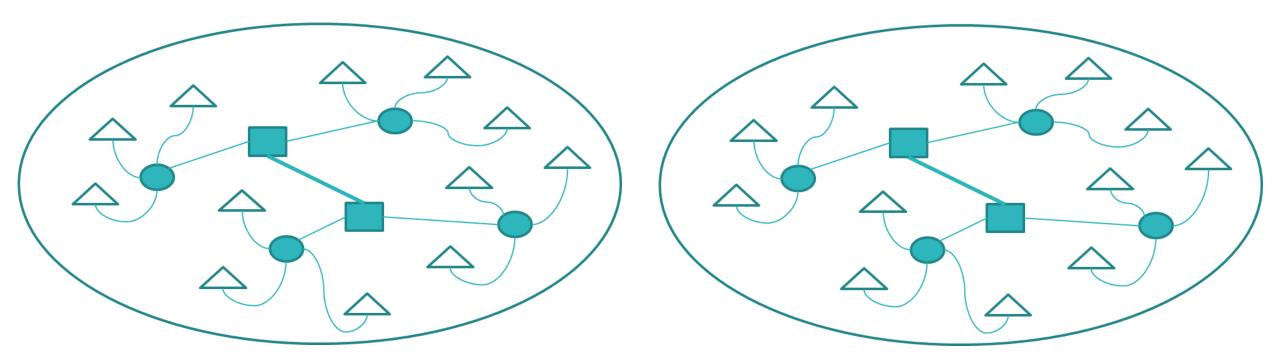
### Connecting infrastructure: all roads lead to the Digital Twin

Data for the public good

'The UK will develop a national digital twin: a virtual model of our national infrastructure which will both monitor infrastructure in real-time and have predictive capability. This will help manage, plan, predict and understand the UK's infrastructure, delivering resilient, responsive, highperformance systems.'



### Infrastructure



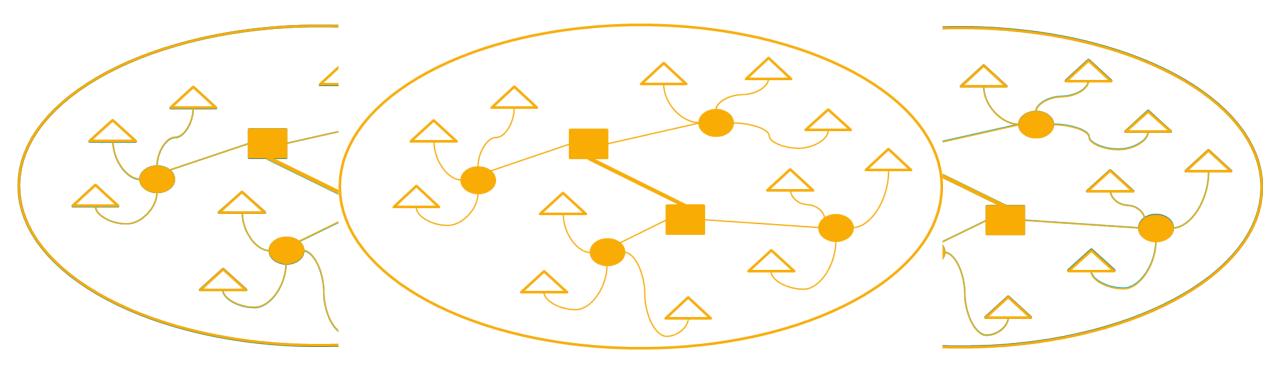
#### **Physical infrastructure**

**Digital twin** 





### Smart Infrastructure



**Physical infrastructure Smart infrastructure** 

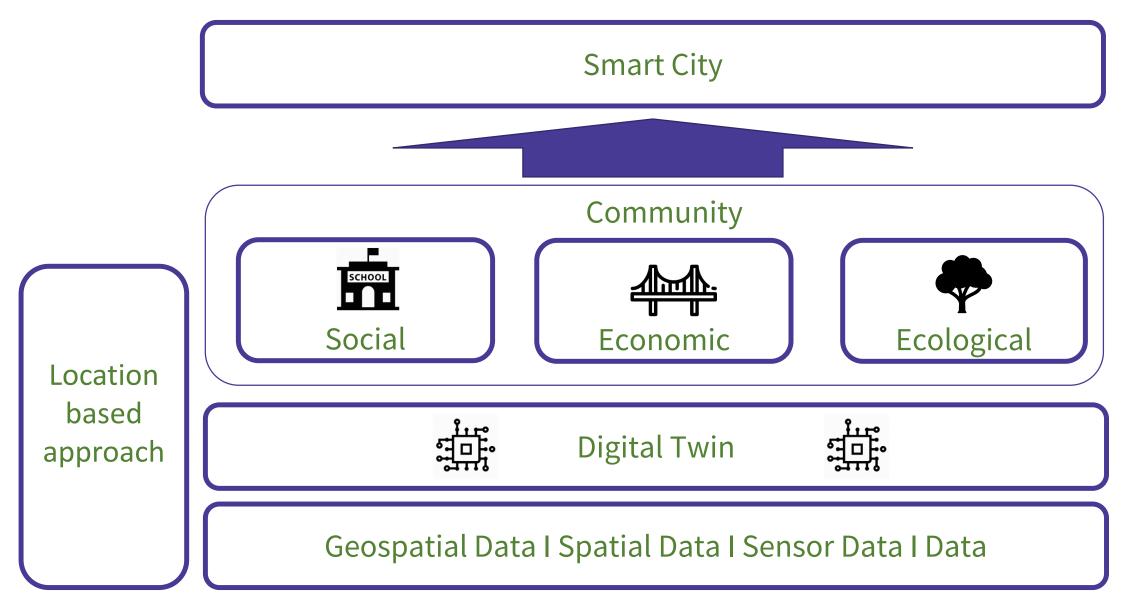
**Digital twin** 



### The next Smart City?... "the Digital Twin"

- **A digital version of the real world** including physical assets indoors, outdoors, above and below ground.
- A federated approach multiple contributors, multiple geometries
- A Digital Twin enables scenario modelling, simulation and analytics
- Dynamic and linkable representations of real-world features, supported with strong, persistent identifiers.
- Machine readable content, integrated with other views of the real world







### Ordnance Survey: Using emerging technology

- Refining high-altitude image capture techniques
- Using sensors in urban areas
- Surveying with vehicles on the ground, and unmanned aerial vehicles
- Using pointclouds to create a 3D 'digital twin' of structures and cities
- Automatic change detection and machine-to-machine learning
- Research with academic partners into augmented reality; crowdsourcing and highaccuracy GNSS positioning
- New ways of enriching our data for users who will demand even more content and detail
- Moving onto the cloud



### Thank You

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