





BUILDING NATIONAL DATABASES USING EXPERT SOURCING

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Contents

- Background on internet Eras
- What is a data lossless nation?
 - Data products in the construction process
 - National mapping standard
 - The Inter-agency GIS committee
- On-line QC tool
- The data integration tool
- Conclusions

Internet eras



(Read, write and understand)











The world is ready for that...



Crowdsourcing Vs wisdom of the crowd Vs Expert Sourcing

- Crowdsourcing: the act of obtaining information from a large group of people
- Wisdom of the crowd is the collective opinion of a group of individuals
- Expert-sourcing: the act of obtaining information from a large group of experts





Crowdsourcing applications



PLEY OF ISPP

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What is data lossless culture?

Every piece of data, creating by any professional is QC-ed, integrated and stored in the national database.



How to create a data lossless culture?

- 1. How to identify all the data generating parties?
- How to convince organizations and people to share data? Despite the many barriers (legal, security, privacy, copyrights, tradition)
- 3. How to deal with different data format, structures and types which makes it hard to reuse data? Large amount of information unstructured.
- 4. How can we perform quality control on so many datasets?
- 5. How can we integrate all the data into a uniform database?

The power of collaboration





How to identify all the data generating parties?

- The inter-agency GIS committee was established in 1997 by a prime-minister order. It is Chaired by the SOI Director General.
- The committee has delegates from 45 governmental offices and 256 local authorities. This year the committee teams had 22 meetings with 176 participants.
- The key objective of the committee was to promote efficient use of GIS in the national level through data and knowledge sharing, and standards and working procedure development.



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Why standards?

Standards that link hardware and software



 $(\cdot, \cdot) \cap (-, \cdot) \odot \odot \odot$

Standards as a common

language





National mapping standard (published 2016)

Define data format and layers

12345	פוליגון גוש	C1600
	נתוני גוש	C1601
101 102	פוליגון חלקה	C1602
103	נתוני חלקה	C1603
-101.12-	מידת חזית	C1609
. 0	נקודת גבול קיימת	C1610
128 0	נקודת גבול חדשה	C1611
	מספר אליפס <mark>ה</mark>	C1642

M4800	תווית תיאור	תי <u>א</u> ור
M4801	קו ביוב תת קרקעי	קו ביוב
M4802	קו סניקה	קו סניקה
M4804	שוחת ביוב	 שוחת ביוב
M4805	משאבה	-פ- משאבה
M4807	שסתום אויר/ נשם	о נשם
M4819	כיוון זרימה	·····
M4820	אגן חמצן	אגן המצו
M4850	אביזר ביוב כללי	
M4851	נתוני גובה במהלך קו ביוב	

PLEY OF ISRP

Define the content and the cartography



Uniform mapping



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Topographical and Cadastral system development



Simplicity – friendly user experience

User's view

Internal architecture



Simplicity – friendly user experience



Old design

Gas stove: 4 burners and 5 buttons



Modern design

No need for user manual or training

Rules:

- 1. No need for user manual or training
- 2. Smallest number of clicks (more is less)
- 3. Simple and fun to work with

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The TopoCad System



Online QC tool



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Quality Control Process (ISO 19157)



Logical consistency



The program finds elements that do not conform to (logical) rules:

- Topology issues (Closed buildings overshoots & undershoots)
- Topographic elements that appear in an incorrect layer (a road in a layer of buildings)
- Contour lines crossing each other
- A fence corner that appears inside a road
- Parcels overlapping each other (forming parcels smaller than 3 square meters)
- Duplicated lines



Completeness

- Completeness includes missing information (omissions) or information that appear in the file and not in reality (additions)
- The content of the map is defined in the specifications and match the map scale.
- Completeness test are performed interactively by overlaying the data file on top of a orthophotography at the proper scale.
- An error matrix is used to report of completeness

Commission

Omission



יות יוצרים: להווי ידוע כי כל הזכויות שמורות למרכז למיפוי ישראל, משב"ש, וכי אין לשכפל, לצלם, להעתיק. היותר להרש, להסיץ, לאחסן בסואבי מידע, לשודר או לקלוט בכל דרך או בכל אמצע אלקטרוני, אומטי, מכי ניל חלק שהוא המולד הכילו למספח דו אסוב המרוסל אילא באיירות משורט בהכת מוצביל להפריק לשימוי ישראל



ס זכויות יוצרים: להווי ידוע כי כל הזכויות שמורות למרכז למימוי ישראל, משב"ש, וכי אין לשכפל, לצלם, להעתיק. לספרות, לתרגם, להפיון, לאחסן במוצר מידע, לשהזר או לקלט בכל דרך או בכל אמצעי אולקטרנץ, אוסטי, מכי אוסטי, מכי א או אורי, כל חלק שמא מתוומי ריכול בפפח זו אסיב המלוט אלא באייווים מפרט בכוצמ במצכל התפרז למיפוי ישראל

Thematic and positional accuracy

- Tests for thematic and positional accuracy are performed by field checking (of a sample) of objects in the map and comparing the field with the data on the map
- What is the attribute value (type of tree) in the map and what is the correct value in the field.
- Root mean squared error is used to evaluate the positional accuracy. It is calculated from the differences between a value in the map and an accurately measured position in the field.

$$RMSEx = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (dx_i)^2}{n_x}}$$

The data integration process (conflation)

- Data integration is a complex process which is currently done semi-automatically (interactively).
- The computer identifies features to Add, Delete and Updata
- A human operator has to approve the change.





Summary

- Data is generated every steps of governmental and engineering activities
- Expert sourcing is the process of acquiring these data and making a useful database from it.
- We presented a working process.
- Some challenges that will be solved are:
 - A complete automatic process for the quality control and the conflation
 - Comprehensive treatment of the intellectual property rights



Thanks you









Why Geo-spatial technologies?

Geo-spatial technology underpins smart nation operations



